

**INVENTORY REPORT** 

# National Inventory of Woodland and Trees



Part 1 - Woodlands of 2 hectares and over



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Scotland - Dumfries and Galloway Region

Part 1 - Woodlands of 2 hectares and over



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Staff concerned with the survey work were: Douglas Wright, Head of Woodland Surveys Branch (to Dec.1997), who was in overall charge. Alex Herd (Survey Officer) supervised the fieldwork which was undertaken by Ken Thomson (Survey Forester) and Chris Skelton, Tony Furlong, Mark Thurston, Alan Smith, Ronald Craig and Andrew Davidson (Survey Assistants). Simon Gillam (Head of Statistics) provided valuable statistical advice.

Preparation of the digital cartography for the Region was carried out by Graham Bull, Woodland Survey Officer, and Woodland GIS Officers Chris Brown, Esther Whitton and Robert Beck.

The authors of this Report are Justin Gilbert, Woodland Data Officer and Douglas Wright, Head of Woodland Surveys (to Dec.1997).

#### INTRODUCTION

The following report presents the results of the main woodland survey for Dumfries and Galloway Region from the Forestry Commission National Inventory of Woodlands and Trees.

The Inventory consists of two parts:

Part 1: the main woodland survey covering woodlands of 2 or more hectares and

Part 2: the small woodland and trees survey covering small woodlands, groups of trees and individual trees.

The results which follow are for Part 1, the main woodland survey, with a reference date of 31 March 1995. Woodland Surveys Branch of Forest Research was responsible for carrying out the survey and for compiling the report.

Part 2 of the Inventory will be published separately in 1999.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Forestry Commission has carried out a number of national woodland surveys since 1924 with the interval between surveys being 15–20 years. The most recent of these surveys was in 1979–82. With the statistics becoming increasingly out of date the Forestry Commission decided to undertake a new survey called the National Inventory of Woodland and Trees.

The aim is to complete the survey for Great Britain by March 2001. Priority is being given to Scotland followed by Southern England, Wales and Northern England.

Although Dumfries and Galloway Region ceased to exist as a local authority on 31 March 1996 its boundaries are the same as those of Dumfries and Galloway Council.

#### **SURVEY METHOD**

In Scotland the main survey has been able to use the digital map from the Land Cover of Scotland (LCS) 1988 project.

For Dumfries and Galloway Region, this digital map has been updated to 31 March 1995 and gives the extent of all woodland over 2 hectares. The total area of woodland in Dumfries and Galloway was obtained from the digital map with ground sampling undertaken to evaluate a wide range of woodland information such as species, age and stocking.

From the digital map the area of each woodland was recorded and this information was used to determine the intensity at which any selected woodland would be sampled. The overall sampling scheme was as follows:



a) 2.0 ha - <100 ha : every fifth wood</li>b) 100 ha - <500 ha : two woods in five</li>

c) 500 ha and larger: all woods

1hectare square plots were used to sample the selected woodlands on the ground. This was a change of practice from all previous Census surveys, where whole woods have been selected for survey. For each of the three bands of woodland area a different sampling grid was used with the density of the squares being reduced as the woodlands increase in size. The overall aim was to sample 1% of the woodland in each size class.

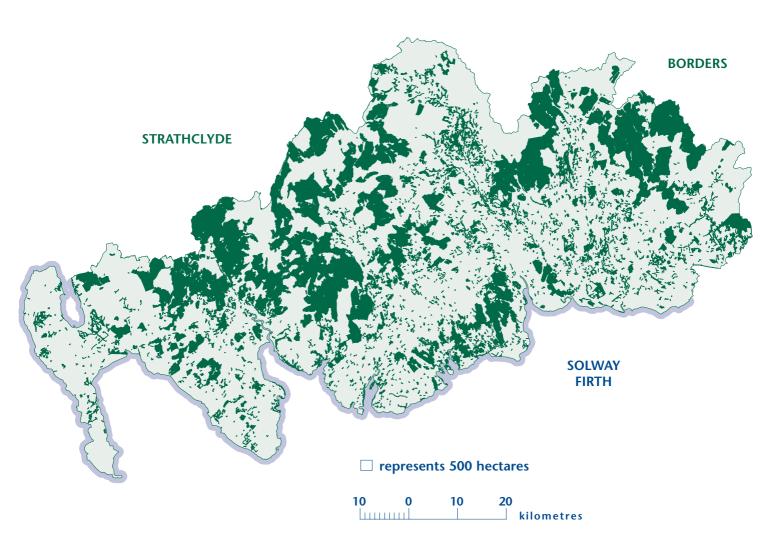
The main difference from the 1980 Census is the change in the minimum woodland area from 0.25 to 2.0 hectares. This means at this stage that the results of the main survey in the Inventory can only be compared approximately with the 1980 Census. However, when the next part of the Inventory is completed data will be available for Small Woodland between 0.25 and 2.0 hectares. This will make an analysis of change possible using comparable sets of information.

## MAIN POINTS FROM THE DUMFRIES AND GALLOWAY RESULTS

- The total area of woodland in Dumfries and Galloway Region is 170 848 hectares. This represents 26.5% of the land area. (Table 1)
- 81 824 hectares or 48% of woodland is owned by or leased to the Forestry Commission and 89 025 hectares or 52% of woodland is in Other ownerships. (Table 1)
- Conifer woodland is the dominant forest type representing 78% of all woodland. Broadleaved woodland represents 9%, mixed woodland 2% and open space within woodlands 9%. (Table 3)
- The main conifer species is Sitka spruce covering 104 811 hectares or 77% of all conifer species. 49% of all conifers are within Other ownerships. (Table 4a)
- The main broadleaved species, outside the 'mixed broadleaves' category, is birch covering 3991 hectares or 24% of all broadleaved species. 84% of all broadleaves are within Other ownerships. (Table 4a)
- High Forest covers 156 037 hectares or 91% of woodland. (Table 4a)
- Woodland land cover has increased by 35 228 hectares from 21.1% to 26.5% of the land area since 1980. (Table 8)

## MAP 1 - DISTRIBUTION OF WOODLAND WITHIN DUMFRIES AND GALLOWAY REGION

Woodland over 2 hectares

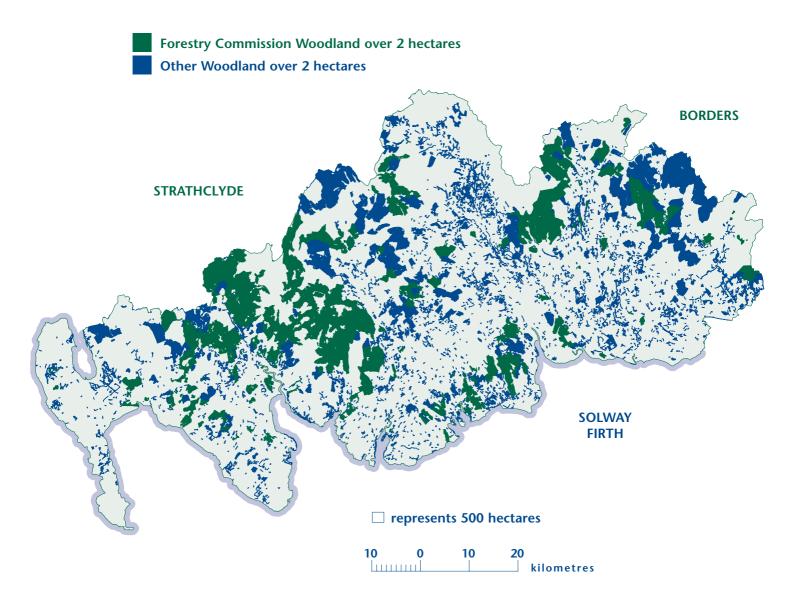


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## MAP 2 - DISTRIBUTION OF WOODLAND BY OWNERSHIP WITHIN DUMFRIES AND GALLOWAY REGION



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Reference Date 31 March 1995

### **RESULTS**

TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF AREAS BY OWNERSHIP									
Area (including inland water)	643903 ha								
Ownership	ha	% woodland							
Forestry Commission	81824	48							
Other	89025	52							
Total Area of Woodland	170848	100							
% Woodland Land Cover	26.5								

#### NOTE (Table 1)

Area of Local Authority Unit based on digital boundaries used for 1991 Census of Population.

Woodland Area from LCS map updated to 31 March 1995.

#### **Ownership Categories:**

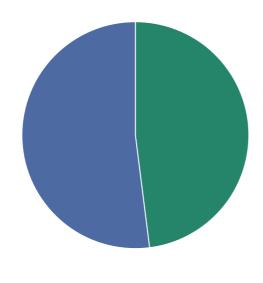
Forestry Commission (FC) All woodland ov

(FC) All woodland owned by, or leased to, the Forestry Commission.

Other

(O) Woodland other than FC woodland. Includes woodland owned by private individuals, partnerships trusts, business interests, local authorities, other government departments and agencies.

#### **WOODLAND AREA BY OWNERSHIP**



FC 48%
Other 52%

Note: The figures in many of the tables may not add due to rounding.

5

TABLE 2a S	TABLE 2a SIZE CLASS DISTRIBUTION OF WOODLAND											
Size Class	Number	Total Area	Percent of	Mean Wood								
(ha)	of Woods	(ha)	Total Area	Area (ha)								
0 - < 2	89	24	0	0.3								
2 - < 10	1636	7030	4	4.3								
10 - < 20	274	3737	2	13.6								
20 - < 50	200	6336	4	31.7								
50 - < 100	76	5258	3	69.2								
2 - < 100	2186	22361	13	10.2								
100 - < 500	104	20863	12	200.6								
500 - and >	30	127931	75	4264.4								
All Woods	2409	171179	100	71.1								

#### NOTE (Table 2a)

The total area is 332ha more than that recorded in tables based on the sample data. This is mainly due to the field samples recording some land in other land uses not differentiated from woodland in the LCS map which was prepared from aerial photographs.

Some woods, over 2 hectares, are divided by the Regional boundary and only a part of their area falls within the Region. These part-woods are included above in the appropriate size category and are often less than 2 hectares.

TABLE 2b		ASS DISTRI IERSHIP UN	BUTION OF NITS	WOODLA	ND
Size Class (ha)	FC or Other	Number of Woods	Total Area (ha)	Percent of Total Area	Mean Wood Area (ha)
0 - < 2	FC Other	15 180	8 90	0	0.6 0.5
2 - < 10	FC	19	112	0	5.9
	Other	1704	7347	4	4.3
10 - < 20	FC	19	319	0	16.8
	Other	293	3970	2	13.6
20 - < 50	FC	23	771	0	33.5
	Other	206			31.2
50 - < 100	FC	10	751	0	75.1
	Other	81	5502	3	67.9
2 - < 100	FC	71	1953	1	27.5
	Other	2284	23255	14	10.2
100 - < 500	FC	43	9141	5	212.6
	Other	109	22520	13	206.6
500 - and >	FC	23	70928	41	3083.8
	Other	26	43284	25	1664.8
Total	FC	152	82030	48	539.7
	Other	2599	89149	52	34.3
<b>Grand Total</b>		2409	171179	100	71.1

#### NOTE (Table 2b)

The total area is 332ha more than that recorded in tables based on the sample data. This is mainly due to the field samples recording some land in other land uses not differentiated from woodland in the LCS map which was prepared from aerial photographs.

The data available from the digital map enable the identification of woodlands according to their ownerships, Forestry Commission or Other. The entries in the table cannot be added, to derive Table 2a, as some woods may consist of both FC and Other ownerships. For example, the Forestry Commission may own most of a large wood with some parts in Other ownership(s). In Table 2a the whole area would be treated as one wood and the area allocated to one size category. In Table 2b each of the ownership units would be allocated to the size category for that unit. Dividing woods by ownership can occasionally generate partwoods of less than 2 hectares.

TABLE 3 AREAS OF WOODLAND BY FOREST TYPE AND OWNERSHIP										
Forest Type	F	C	Ot	her	All Woods					
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%				
Conifer	68323	83.5	64900	72.9	133224	78.0				
Broadleaved	2207	2.7	12440	14.0	14646	8.6				
Mixed	1253	1.5	2711	3.0	3964	2.3				
Coppice	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				
Copp-w-Stds	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0				
Windblow	652	0.8	103	0.1	756	0.4				
Felled	2299	2.8	1149	1.3	3447	2.0				
Open space	7090	8.7	7721	8.7	14811	8.7				
Total	81824	100.0	89024	100.0	170848	100.0				

#### NOTE (Table 3)

Please refer to the Glossary on page 22 for definitions of forest types.

#### % FOREST TYPE BY AREA - ALL WOODLAND

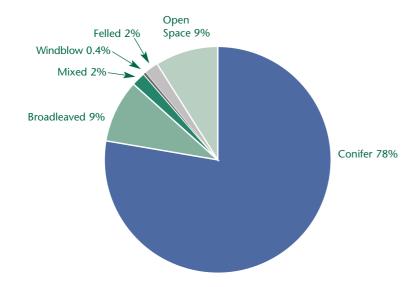


TABLE 4a AREAS OF HIGH FOREST BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND OWNERSHIP

		FC		C	Other		All W	/oodla	nd
Species	Area (ha)	cat %	spp %	Area (ha)	cat %	spp %	Area (ha)	cat %	spp %
Scots pine	811	1	1	1069	2	1	1880	1	1
Corsican pine	112	0	0	77	0	0	190	0	0
Lodgepole pine	4069	6	6	2745	4	3	6814	5	4
Sitka spruce	52996	76	73	51815	78	65	104811	77	69
Norway spruce	4435	6	6	4538	7	6	8973	7	6
European larch	113	0	0	319	0	0	432	0	0
Jap/Hybrid larch	6272	9	9	4147	6	5	10418	8	7
Douglas fir	324	0	0	587	1	1	911	1	1
Other conifers	495	1	1	464	1	1	958	1	1
Mixed conifers	160	0	0	421	1	1	581	0	0
Total conifers	69787	100	96	66182	100	83	135969	100	89
Oak	783	30	1	2040	15	3	2823	17	2
Beech	0	0	0	827	6	1	827	5	1
Sycamore	86	3	0	988	7	1	1074	6	1
Ash	101	4	0	412	3	1	514	3	0
Birch	598	23	1	3393	24	4	3991	24	3
Poplar	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0	0
Sweet chestnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	126	1	0	126	1	0
Other broadleaves	153	6	0	1236	9	2	1389	8	1
Mixed broadleaves	927	35	1	4947	35	6	5874	35	4
Total broadleaves	2648	100	4	13973	100	17	16621	100	11
Total - all species	72435		100	80154		100	152590		100
Felled	2299			1149			3447		
Total High Forest	74734			81303			156037		

.....

#### NOTE (Table 4a)

cat: species percentage of conifer or broadleaved in the ownership

spp: percentage of all species in the ownership category.

In addition to the areas shown there are 14811 hectares of other areas integral to the woodland not stocked with tree species.

The standard errors of the area estimates for the most common species are as follows:

Conifers 2%
Broadleaves 5%
Jap/Hybrid larch 8%
Sitka Spruce 2%
Mixed broadleaves 8%

These standard errors are for the species areas in all woodland types.

Confidence Intervals: where the Standard Errors of these summary measures are 10% or less, the Confidence Intervals will be approximately symmetrical; the true value is expected to be within +/- one Standard Error for about 68% (or about two-thirds) of all cases, and within +/- two Standard Errors for about 95% of all cases. Where percentage Standard Errors are larger, e.g. for less common species or more variable species composition, the Confidence Intervals will be less symmetrical (and wider).

#### AREAS OF HIGH FOREST BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND OWNERSHIP

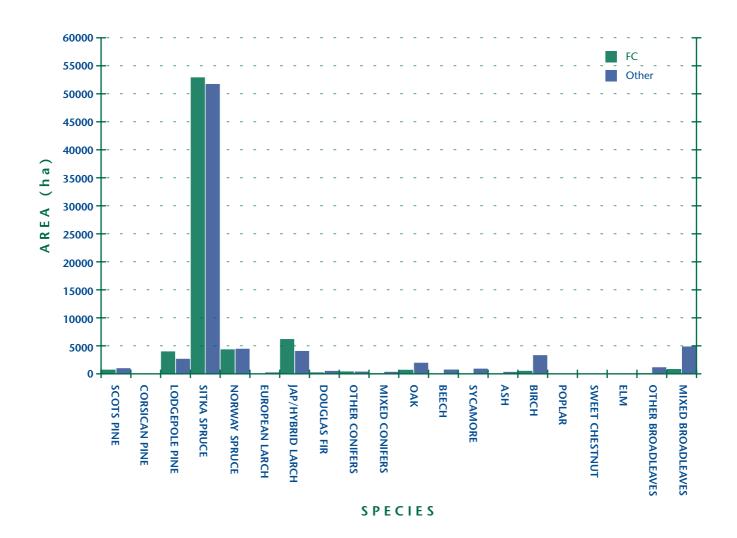


TABLE 4b AREAS OF HIGH FOREST BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES, OWNERSHIP AND CATEGORY

	FC				Othe	r	All Ownerships		
Species	Cat 1	Cat 2	Tot HF	Cat 1	Cat 2	Tot HF	Cat 1	Cat 2	Tot HF
Scots pine	780	31	811	950	119	1069	1730	150	1880
Corsican pine	112	0	112	63	15	77	175	15	190
Lodgepole pine	2823	1246	4069	2050	695	2745	4873	1941	6814
Sitka spruce	51636	1360	52996	50803	1012	51815	102439	2372	104811
Norway spruce	3981	455	4435	4357	181	4538	8338	636	8973
European larch	60	53	113	277	42	319	337	96	432
Jap/Hybrid larch	5635	637	6272	3777	369	4147	9412	1006	10418
Douglas fir	299	25	324	587	0	587	886	25	911
Other conifers	430	64	495	432	30	464	862	94	958
Mixed conifers	121	40	160	379	42	421	500	81	581
Total conifers	65876	3911	69787	63675	2507	66182	129551	6418	135969
Oak	220	563	783	1273	767	2040	1494	1329	2823
Beech	0	0	0	438	389	827	438	389	827
Sycamore	5	81	86	360	628	988	365	709	1074
Ash	89	13	101	87	325	412	176	338	514
Birch	167	432	598	960	2433	3393	1126	2865	3991
Poplar	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	5	5
Sweet chestnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	19	107	126	19	107	126
Other broadleaves	5	148	153	78	1156	1236	83	1304	1389
Mixed broadleaves	258	669	927	1365	3582	4947	1623	4251	5874
<b>Total broadleaves</b>	743	1905	2648	4581	9392	13973	5324	11296	16621
Total - all species	66620	5816	72435	68256	11898	80154	134876	17714	152590

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#### NOTE (Table 4b)

The standard errors of the area estimates for the most common species or species groups are as follows:

	Cat 1	Cat 2	Total HF
Conifers	1%	9%	2%
Broadleaves	9%	6%	5%
Jap/Hybrid larch	9%	18%	8%
Sitka spruce	2%	14%	2%
Mixed broadleaves	14%	10%	8%

Confidence Intervals: where the Standard Errors of these summary measures are 10% or less, the Confidence Intervals will be approximately symmetrical; the true value is expected to be within +/- one Standard Error for about 68% (or about two-thirds) of all cases, and within +/- two Standard Errors for about 95% of all cases. Where percentage Standard Errors are larger, e.g. for less common species or more variable species composition, the Confidence Intervals will be less symmetrical (and wider).

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These standard errors are for the species areas in all woodland types.

#### AREAS OF HIGH FOREST BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND OWNERSHIP

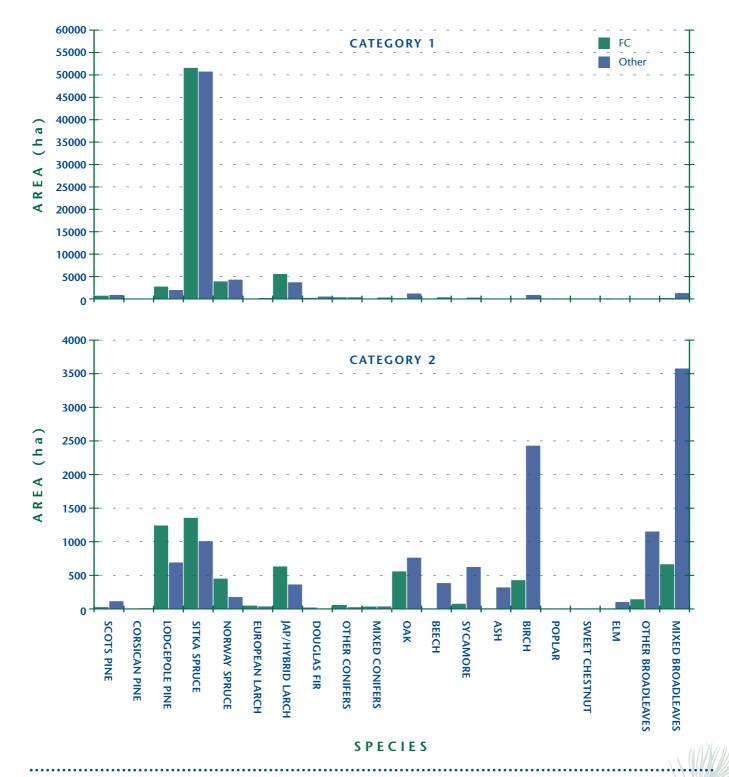


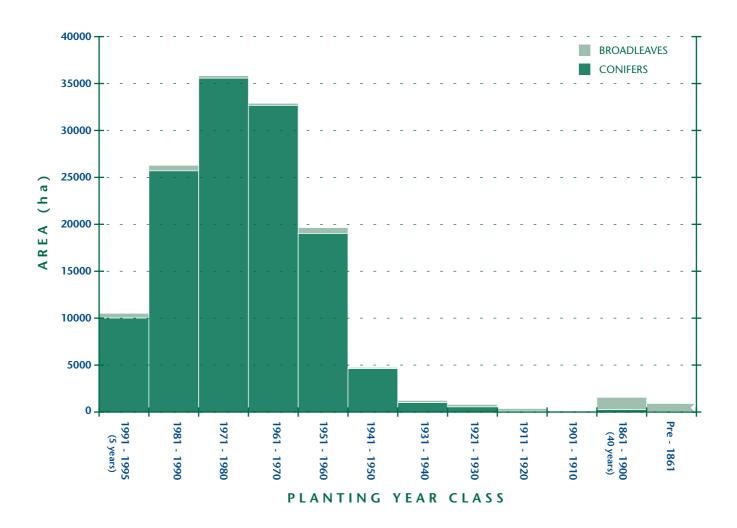
TABLE 5a HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - AREAS BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND PLANTING YEAR CLASSES

	PLANTING YEAR CLASS												
Species	1991 -1995	1981 -1990		1961 -1970	1951 -1960					1901 -1910	1861 -1900	pre - 1861	TOTAL
Scots pine	5	77	134	138	537	385	185	91	78	0	90	9	1730
Corsican pine	0	0	0	0	112	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	175
Lodgepole pine	0	621	1102	2015	1052	76	7	0	0	0	0	0	4873
Sitka Spruce	9577	22942	31625	26224	9994	1545	454	45	13	0	20	0	102439
Norway spruce	15	98	1265	3187	2265	1171	173	71	0	0	51	43	8338
European larch	0	0	38	0	158	0	0	76	0	0	65	0	337
Jap/Hybrid larch	335	1203	1094	805	4281	1402	108	165	0	0	19	0	9412
Douglas fir	56	261	122	21	316	16	51	34	0	0	11	0	886
Other conifers	0	463	151	213	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	862
Mixed conifers	26	31	40	66	273	29	25	0	0	0	9	0	500
<b>Total conifers</b>	10013	25696	35570	32668	19023	4625	1003	545	91	0	265	52	129551
Oak	66	142	5	12	4	0	80	7	83	0	450	645	1494
Beech	27	0	0	10	170	2	0	37	0	0	90	102	438
Sycamore	0	39	15	10	250	7	0	8	0	0	37	0	365
Ash	0	0	0	9	7	11	89	0	0	0	20	40	176
Birch	52	189	181	66	74	33	10	196	89	0	221	14	1126
Poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweet chestnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	15	0	19
Other blvs	30	30	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	83
Mixed blvs	332	196	62	119	124	78	48	24	114	18	460	47	1623
Total broadleaves	508	596	267	230	629	132	232	272	286	18	1297	857	5324
Total - all species	10521	26292	35837	32898	19653	4757	1235	817	376	18	1562	909	134876

#### NOTE (Table 5a)

Age determined from records where these were available. Where records were not available or were clearly inaccurate age-class was assigned by reference to similar crops of known age in the locality.

#### HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - AREAS BY PLANTING YEAR CLASS



## TABLE 5b HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - FORESTRY COMMISSION AREAS BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND PLANTING YEAR CLASSES

#### **PLANTING YEAR CLASS** 1961 1951 1941 1931 1921 1911 1901 pre -**Species** -1995 -1990 -1980 -1970 -1960 -1950 -1940 -1930 -1920 -1910 -1900 **TOTAL** Scots pine n Corsican pine Lodgepole pine 350 1438 Sitka spruce 7861 17984 10418 Norway spruce **European larch** Jap/Hybrid larch **Douglas fir** Other conifers **Mixed conifers Total conifers** 9017 19252 13046 13976 Oak **Beech Sycamore** Ash O O n O **Birch Poplar Sweet chestnut** Elm Other blvs Mixed blvs **Total broadleaves** 9156 19307 13049 13995 Total - all species

#### NOTE (Table 5b)

Age determined from records where these were available. Where records were not available or were clearly inaccurate age-class was assigned by reference to similar crops of known age in the locality.

## HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - FORESTRY COMMISSION AREAS BY PLANTING YEAR CLASS

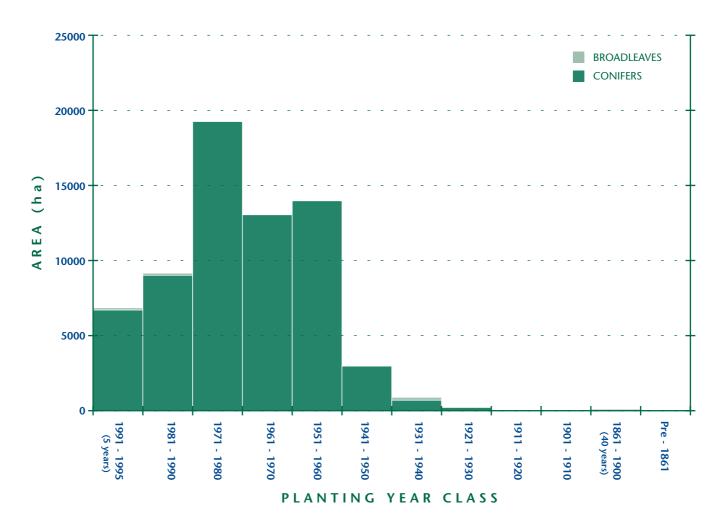


TABLE 5c HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - OTHER OWNERSHIPS
AREAS BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES AND PLANTING YEAR CLASSES

	PLANTING YEAR CLASS												
Species	1991 -1995	1981 -1990	1971 -1980	1961 -1970	1951 -1960						1861 -1900	pre - 1861	TOTAL
Scots pine	0	73	95	88	286	100	114	16	78	0	90	9	950
Corsican pine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	63
Lodgepole pine	0	542	751	577	147	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	2050
Sitka spruce	3190	15081	13641	15805	2429	535	78	15	8	0	20	0	50803
Norway spruce	15	98	992	2363	535	140	49	71	0	0	51	43	4357
European larch	0	0	38	0	158	0	0	16	0	0	65	0	277
Jap/Hybrid larch	69	560	574	523	1014	823	63	130	0	0	19	0	3777
Douglas fir	11	261	53	12	204	16	0	21	0	0	11	0	587
Other conifers	0	59	146	201	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	432
Mixed conifers	26	5	28	52	248	11	0	0	0	0	9	0	379
<b>Total conifers</b>	3312	16679	16318	19622	5048	1656	305	331	86	0	265	52	63675
Oak	66	129	5	11	4	0	17	7	76	0	351	608	1273
Beech	27	0	0	10	170	2	0	37	0	0	90	102	438
Sycamore	0	39	15	8	247	7	0	8	0	0	37	0	360
Ash	0	0	0	9	7	11	0	0	0	0	20	40	87
Birch	52	120	131	66	57	8	10	196	89	0	221	9	960
Poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweet chestnut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elm	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	15	0	19
Other blvs	30	30	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	78
Mixed blvs	184	139	62	119	124	78	10	22	114	5	460	47	1365
Total broadleaves	360	457	212	227	610	107	42	270	279	5	1198	815	4581
Total - all species	3672	17136	16530	19849	5658	1763	347	601	364	5	1463	867	68256

#### NOTE (Table 5c)

Age determined from records where these were available. Where records were not available or were clearly inaccurate age-class was assigned by reference to similar crops of known age in the locality.

## HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - OTHER OWNERSHIPS - AREAS BY PLANTING YEAR CLASS

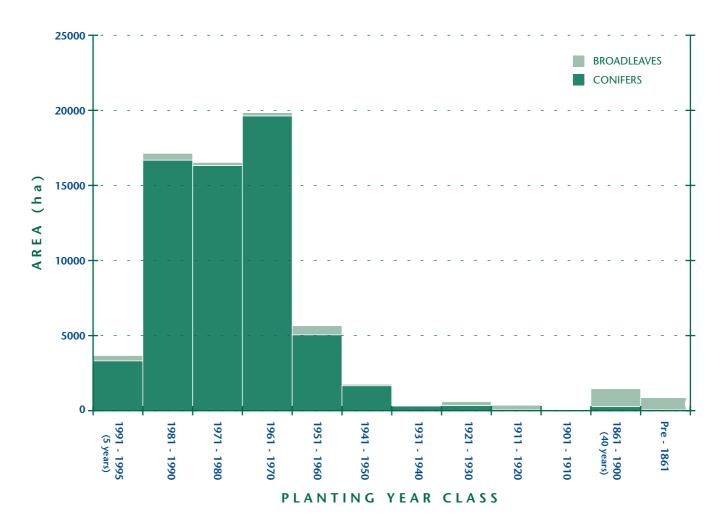


TABLE 6	TABLE 6 HIGH FOREST - PRINCIPAL SPECIES BY PLANTING YEAR CLASSES												
Planting Year Class	First	%	Second	%	Third	%							
1991-1995	Sitka spruce	86	Mixed broadleaves	6	Jap/Hybrid larch	4							
1981-1990	Sitka spruce	83	Jap/Hybrid larch	5	Mixed broadleaves	2							
1971-1980	Sitka spruce	84	Lodgepole pine	4	Norway spruce	4							
1961-1970	Sitka spruce	78	Norway spruce	9	Lodgepole pine	9							
1951-1960	Sitka spruce	46	Jap/Hybrid larch	20	Norway spruce	11							
1941-1950	Sitka spruce	27	Jap/Hybrid larch	23	Norway spruce	19							
1931-1940	Mixed broadleaves	22	Sitka spruce	20	Birch	10							
1921-1930	Birch	27	Mixed broadleaves	17	Jap/Hybrid larch	12							
1911-1920	Mixed broadleaves	24	Birch	22	Oak	17							
1901-1910	Mixed broadleaves	100	-		-								
1861-1900	Mixed broadleaves	33	Oak	29	Beech	8							
Pre 1861	Oak	56	Mixed broadleaves	17	Beech	14							
All years	Sitka spruce	69	Jap/Hybrid larch	7	Norway spruce	6							

TABLE 7 OWNERSHIP TYPE BY AREA AND PERCENTAGE									
Ownership Type	Area (ha)	%							
Personal	69545	40.7							
Private forestry or timber business	3979	2.3							
Other private business	6531	3.8							
Local Authority	0	0.0							
Other public body (not FC)	434	0.3							
Forestry Commission	81824	47.9							
Charity	3590	2.1							
Community ownership or common land	0	0.0							
Unclassified	4945	2.9							
Total	170848	100.0							

Note: The figures in many of the tables may not add due to rounding.

NOTE (Table 7)

Please refer to the Glossary on page 22 for definitions of ownership types.

#### **COMPARISON OF RESULTS WITH THE 1980 CENSUS**

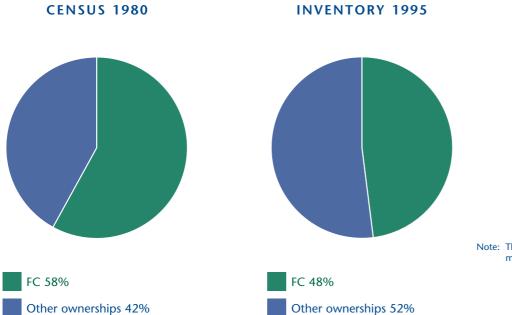
The 1980 Census and 1995 Inventory were undertaken by very different sampling methods. The comparison with the 1980 Census of Woodlands and Trees is not yet complete because of the difference in minimum area for woodland. Within the 1980 Census the minimum area of woodland was 0.25 hectares whilst in the National Inventory of Woodland it is 2 hectares. The total area of woodland within the Inventory will be revised to include an estimate of the area between 0.25 - 2.0 hectares once the Small Woodlands and Trees Survey is completed.

The apparent differences shown in the following tables should therefore be treated with caution, particularly where areas are small.

TABLE 8 WOODLAND AREAS AND OWNERSHIP				
	CENSUS 31/3/80	31/3/95	CHANGE (%)	
Area (inc. inland water)	642545	643903	0.2	
FC Woodland area	78383	81824	4.4	
Other ownership area	57237	89025	55.5	
Total Area of Woodland	135620	170848	26.0	
% Woodland Cover	21.1	26.5	25.7	

#### NOTE (Table 8)

Area (including inland water)-in the interval between the two surveys the Regional boundary was revised. The method of measurement has also undergone development.



Note: The figures in many of the tables may not add due to rounding.

Reference Date 31 March 1995

TABLE 9 COMPARISON BETWEEN 1995 INVENTORY
AND 1980 CENSUS
HIGH FOREST - AREAS BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES

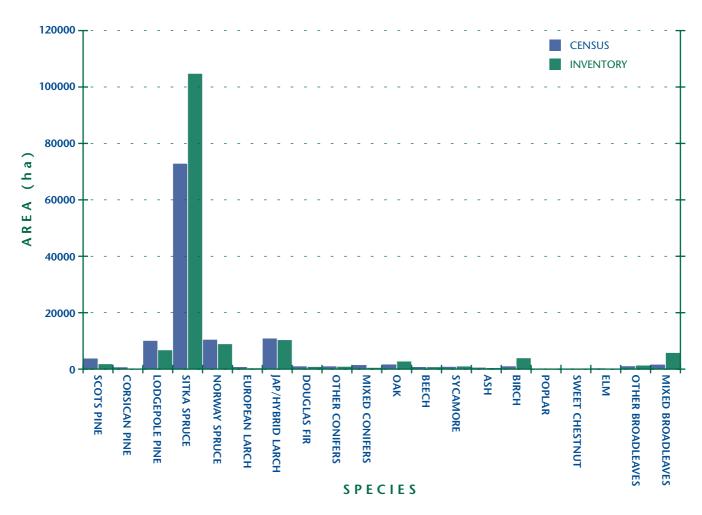
SPECIES	1980 CENSUS	1995 INVENTORY
Scots pine	3880	1880
Corsican pine	771	190
Lodgepole pine	10153	6814
Sitka spruce	72938	104811
Norway spruce	10543	8973
European larch	855	432
Jap/Hybrid larch	10974	10418
Douglas fir	1103	911
Other conifers	1101	958
Mixed conifers	1558	581
Total conifers	113876	135969
Oak	1773	2823
Beech	873	827
Sycamore	934	1074
Ash	653	514
Birch	1114	3991
Poplar	58	5
Sweet chestnut	1	0
Elm	402	126
Other broadleaves	1143	1389
Mixed broadleaves	1722	5874
Total broadleaves	8672	16621
TOTAL - all species	122547	152590
Felled	1269	3447
Total - High Forest	123816	156037

#### NOTE (Table 9)

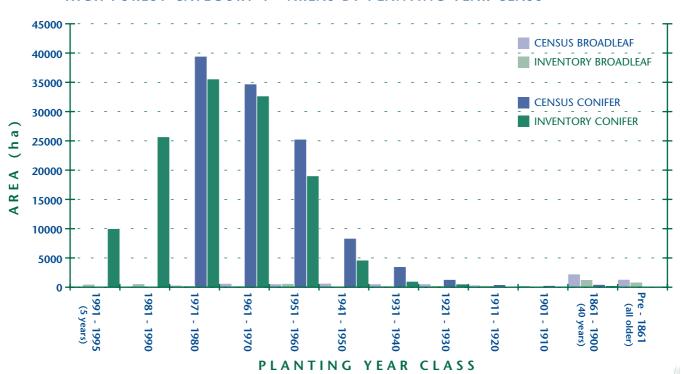
In the 1980 Census the areas assigned to species included any associated open space such as roads and rides. In the Inventory open spaces are separately identified and the overall proportion is 8.7% (Table 3). To obtain meaningful comparisons between the two datasets the 1980 Census data have therefore been reduced by 8.7%. Area allocated to scrub has also been included in the 1980 Census data to make it comparable with the 1995 Inventory data.

N.B. Woodlands between 0.25 and 2.0 hectares are not yet included in the 1995 Inventory figures (above). These are expected to contain a high proportion of broadleaved species.

## COMPARISON BETWEEN 1995 INVENTORY AND 1980 CENSUS - HIGH FOREST - AREAS BY PRINCIPAL SPECIES



## COMPARISON BETWEEN 1995 INVENTORY AND 1980 CENSUS - HIGH FOREST CATEGORY 1 - AREAS BY PLANTING YEAR CLASS



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#### **GLOSSARY**

#### Woodland

In the United Kingdom woodland is defined as land under stands of trees with, or the potential to achieve, tree crown cover of more than 20%; areas of open space integral to the woodland are also included. Intervening land-classes such as roads, rivers or pipelines are disregarded if less than 50 m in extent. 'Scrubby' vegetation is not included as a separate category but as conifer, broadleaved or mixed tree types. There is additional information on the quality of woodland within the inventory database.

Woodland of 2 hectares and over, and with a minimum width of 50 m, is included in the main woodland survey, Part 1 of the Inventory; other woodland and trees are assessed in Part 2, the small woodland and trees survey.

#### **High Forest**

All woodland with the exception of stands managed as coppice or coppice with standards with, or the potential to achieve, a tree cover of more than 20%. Two categories of High Forest are recognised:

High Forest Category 1

Stands which are, or could become, capable of producing wood of a size and quality suitable for sawlogs and small roundwood.

High Forest Category 2

Stands of lower quality than High Forest Category 1.

**Mixtures** 

Where possible the species in mixtures have been separately recorded. Where this has not been possible they were described as 'mixed conifers' or 'mixed broadleaves'.

#### **FOREST TYPES**

Conifer

Woodland containing more than 80% by area of coniferous species.

**Broadleaved** 

Woodland containing more than 80% by area of broadleaved species.

Mixed

A combination of broadleaved and coniferous species where each category occupies at least 20% of the canopy (see note on mixtures above).

Coppice

Crops of marketable broadleaved species that have at least 2 stems per stool and are either being worked or are capable of being worked on rotation. With the exception of hazel coppice more than half the stems should be capable of producing 1m timber lengths of good form.

**Coppice with Standards** 

Two-storey stands where the overstorey consists of at least 25 stems per hectare that are older than the understorey of worked coppice by at least one coppice rotation.

**Felled** 

Woodland areas that have been felled or stands where the stocking has been reduced to less than 20% and where it is expected that these areas will be replanted.

Windblow

Areas of blown woodland which remain uncleared and not regenerated.

Open Space Areas within a woodland that are not covered by trees but are integral to

the woodland such as open areas, streamsides, deer glades, rides and forest

roads.

**OWNERSHIP TYPES** 

Other Ownerships Woodland other than that owned by, or leased to, the Forestry Commission

Personal Types of private occupation, e.g. individuals, private family trusts and

family partnerships.

Private Forestry or Owned by wood processing industry. This category does not include

Timber Business forest management companies.

Other Private Business Occupiers, e.g. companies, partnerships, syndicates and pension funds.

Local Authority Region, County, District or other Council.

Other Public Body (not FC) Government department/agency, nationalised industry, etc.

Charitable Organisations funded by voluntary public subscription, e.g. National Trust,

churches and colleges.

Community Ownership or

Common Land

The common property of all members of the community.

Forestry Commission Land owned by or land leased to the Forestry Commission.

## **NOTES**

