

National Forest Inventory statistics for North East

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North East

Map 1 Map of England and the aligned areas



National Forest Inventory statistics for North East

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Key findings for North East

North East (NEA) has a land area of 843,400 hectares making it 8th out of the 14 aligned areas by land area. With 116,130 ha of woodland, NEA ranks 4th out of 14 in terms of woodland area (14% woodland cover). Some 43% of the woodland is under Forestry Commission ownership or management.

Sitka spruce is the most commonly occurring of the conifer species whether assessed by stocked area (63%), standing volume (56%) or number of trees (71%).

Ash is the most commonly occurring of the broadleaved species when assessed by stocked area (14%). Oak is the most commonly occurring of the broadleaved species when assessed by standing volume (21%). Birch is the most commonly occurring of the broadleaved species when assessed by number of trees (14%).

Some 12% of standing coniferous volume is beyond the age of maximum mean annual increment (or above terminal height of 25m in higher windthrow risk areas). The harvesting assumptions applied in the forecast assume that a proportion of this volume will be felled over a period of time from the start of the forecast. Some 35% of conifer and mixed broadleaf/conifer sections (PS only) show evidence of thinning.

Overall 44% of standing broadleaved volume is beyond the age of maximum mean annual increment (or above terminal height of 25m in higher windthrow risk areas). Some 6% of broadleaved sections (PS only) show evidence of thinning.

Across NEA:

- Ash is estimated as 6% of total stocked area (14% of broadleaved stocked area), 4% of standing volume (13% of broadleaved standing volume) and 4% of the number of trees (12% of the number of broadleaved trees).
- Oak is estimated as 5% of total stocked area (13% of broadleaved stocked area), 6% of standing volume (21% of broadleaved standing volume) and 2% of the number of trees (6% of the number of broadleaved trees).
- Sweet chestnut is not recorded in the woodland under Forestry Commission ownership or management. Sweet chestnut was not found in any of the National Forest Inventory field sample assessments.
- Larch is estimated as 4% of total stocked area (7% of conifer stocked area), 7% of standing volume (9% of conifer standing volume) and 3% of the number of trees (5% of the number of conifer trees).

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Introduction

National forest inventories are carried out by the Forestry Commission to provide accurate, up-to-date information about the size, distribution, composition and condition of the forests and woodlands in Great Britain (GB). This information is essential for developing and monitoring policies and guidance to support sustainable forest management.

The current National Forest Inventory (NFI), which began in 2010, is a multipurpose operation that has involved the production of a forest and woodland map for Britain and a continuing programme of field surveys (the first cycle of field surveys completed in late 2015) of the mapped forest and woodland areas.

Information and data collected by the National Forest Inventory is being used for a number of purposes, including estimates and 25-year forecasts of forest metrics such as:

- standing volume
- timber availability
- tree growth and increment
- carbon stocks
- biomass

Estimates of aspects of the biodiversity and social value of forests and woodlands will also be provided by the NFI.

This report brings together key woodland information for England previously published across the range of NFI thematic reports. Within the NFI programme, results are presented by the NUTS 1 boundaries^{*}. This report heads a series of reports where the woodland statistics are broken down by aligned area. The data sources and methodology covering the suite of reports is to found in the report for England and the aligned areas.

^{*} See <u>http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/nuts/overview</u> for a description of the Nomenclature of territorial units for statistics (NUTS) classification system.

How the estimates are prepared

The methodology, data sources and assumptions are described in the England report. It is important that the estimates presented in this report are interpreted in the light of the information provided in the England report.

The methodology introduces the sub-compartment database and the National Forest Inventory. It describes the metrics presented in this report and how they are derived. The methodology covers how the FC and private sector (PS) forecasts are prepared and includes commentary on the assumptions made in order to calculate the forecast estimates. Finally the methodology covers the tree health metrics.

Note on the estimates

The values in the tables have been independently rounded, so may not add to the totals shown. In some breakdowns of Private sector estimates, the estimates in the body of the table may not sum to the quoted total because each individual value, including the total, has been independently generated by the estimation procedure used for results from the NFI sample survey. Sampling standard errors attached to Private sector estimates are expressed in relative terms (%) to the right of the relevant estimate and as \pm error bars in the figures. Percentages in the pie charts may also not sum to 100 due to rounding.

Due to biological and sampling constraints, for example where there is a very small population of a species within a particular region, the estimates may have a high associated standard error. Since this indicates a high level of uncertainty around those estimates then caution should be used when drawing any conclusions from these values as the estimate may not be representative of the real population. Such estimates have been 'lowlighted' in the tables.

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Woodland area statistics

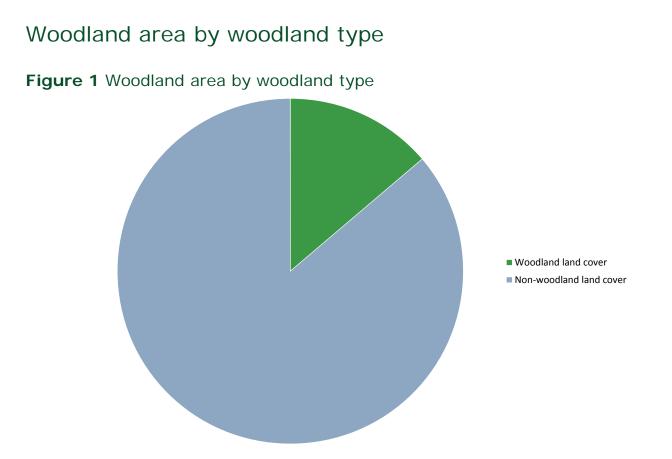


Table 1 Woodland area by woodland type

Woodland Type	Area (ha)	%
North East		
Woodland	112,265	97%
Assumed woodland	3,668	3%
Low density	196	0%
Total mapped woodland	116,130	100%
Non-woodland area	727,270	
Land area	843,400	
Woodland land cover		14%
Non-woodland land cover		86%

Woodland area by ownership

Figure 2 Woodland area by ownership

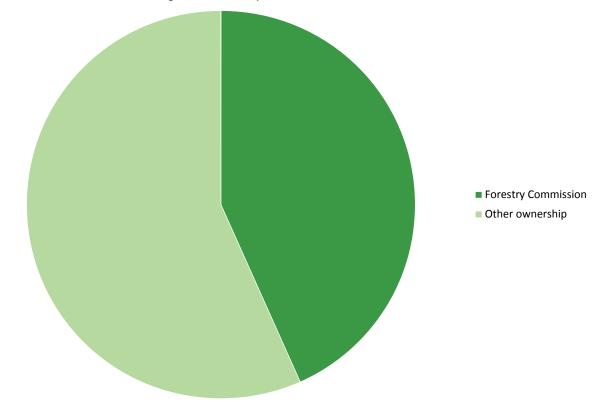


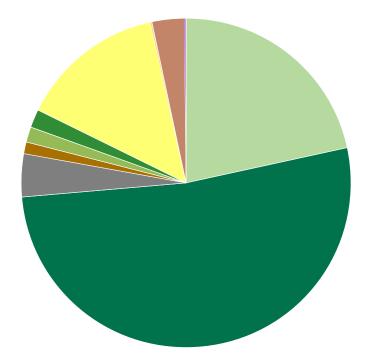
Table 2 Woodland area by ownership

Ownership	Area (ha)	% Woodland
North East		
Forestry Commission	50,311	43%
Other ownership	65,819	57%
Total area of woodland	116,130	100%

Part 2 - what our woodlands are like today

Woodland area by interpreted forest type

Figure 3 Woodland area by interpreted forest type



- Broadleaved
- Conifer
- Felled
- Ground prep
- Mixed mainly broadleaved
- Mixed mainly conifer
- Young trees
- Coppice
- Coppice with standards
- Shrub
- Assumed woodland
- Low density
- Failed
- Windthrow
- Cloud/shadow/uncertain

Table 3 Woodland area by interpreted forest type

Forest type	Total area (ha)	% of total area
North East		
Broadleaved	25,047	22%
Conifer	60,449	52%
Felled	4,906	4%
Ground prep	1,339	1%
Mixed mainly broadleaved	1,745	2%
Mixed mainly conifer	2,074	2%
Young trees	16,522	14%
Coppice	12	0%
Coppice with standards	0	0%
Shrub	171	0%
Assumed woodland	3,668	3%
Low density	196	0%
Failed	0	0%
Windthrow	0	0%
Cloud/shadow/uncertain	0	0%
TOTALS	116,130	100%

Woodland area by interpreted forest type and woodland size

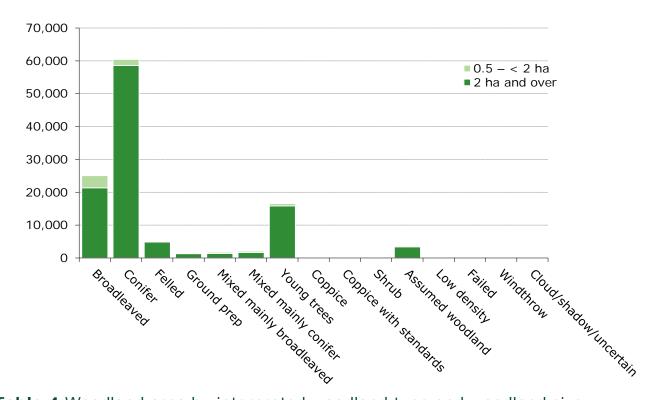


Figure 4 Woodland area by interpreted forest type and woodland size

Table 4 Woodland area by interpreted woodland type and woodland size

Foract type	Woodland size		Total area
Forest type	2 ha and over	0.5 – < 2 ha	(ha)
North East			
Broadleaved	21,351	3,696	25,047
Conifer	58,585	1,865	60,449
Felled	4,875	31	4,906
Ground prep	1,300	39	1,339
Mixed mainly broadleaved	1,369	376	1,745
Mixed mainly conifer	1,659	415	2,074
Young trees	15,855	666	16,522
Coppice	11	1	12
Coppice with standards	0	0	0
Shrub	120	51	171
Assumed woodland	3,385	283	3,668
Low density	176	20	196
Failed	0	0	0
Windthrow	0	0	0
Cloud/shadow/uncertain	0	0	0
TOTALS	108,687	7,442	116,130

20 National Forest Inventory statistics for North East

Woodland area by interpreted forest type and ownership

Figure 5 Woodland area by interpreted forest type and ownership

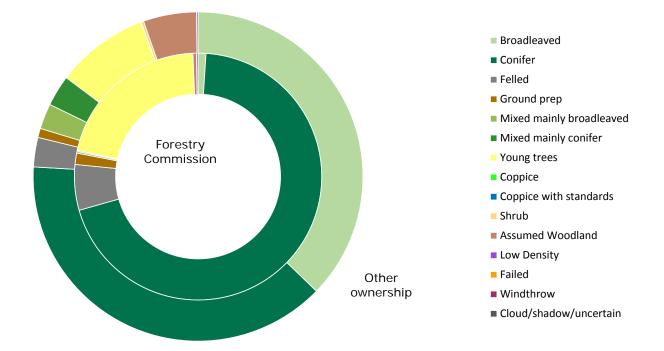


Table 5 Woodland area by interpreted forest type and ownership

	Forestry Commission		Other ownership	
Forest type	Area (ha)	% of total area	Area (ha)	% of total area
North East				
Broadleaved	520	1%	24,527	37%
Conifer	34,996	70%	25,453	39%
Felled	3,004	6%	1,902	3%
Ground prep	747	1%	591	1%
Mixed mainly broadleaved	107	0%	1,638	2%
Mixed mainly conifer	67	0%	2,007	3%
Young trees	10,526	21%	5,995	9%
Coppice	0	0%	12	0%
Coppice with standards	0	0%	0	0%
Shrub	6	0%	165	0%
Assumed Woodland	235	0%	3,434	5%
Low Density	101	0%	95	0%
Failed	0	0%	0	0%
Windthrow	0	0%	0	0%
Cloud/shadow/uncertain	0	0%	0	0%
TOTALS	50,311	100%	65,819	100%

Woodland area by interpreted forest type, woodland size and ownership

 Table 6 Woodland area by interpreted forest type, woodland size and ownership

	2 ha ar	2 ha and over		0.5 – < 2 ha		
Forest type	Forest type Forestry Commission	Other	Forestry Commission	Other	Total area (ha)	
North East						
Broadleaved	513	20,838	7	3,689	25,047	
Conifer	34,986	23,599	10	1,854	60,449	
Felled	3,004	1,871	0	31	4,906	
Ground prep	746	554	2	37	1,339	
Mixed mainly broadleaved	107	1,262	0	376	1,745	
Mixed mainly conifer	66	1,593	1	413	2,074	
Young trees	10,525	5,328	2	667	16,522	
Coppice	0	11	0	1	12	
Coppice with standards	0	0	0	0	0	
Shrub	6	113	0	51	171	
Assumed woodland	230	3,156	5	278	3,668	
Low Density	101	75	0	20	196	
Failed	0	0	0	0	0	
Windthrow	0	0	0	0	0	
Cloud/shadow/uncertain	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	50,284	58,401	27	7,418	116,130	

Woodland area by size class distribution



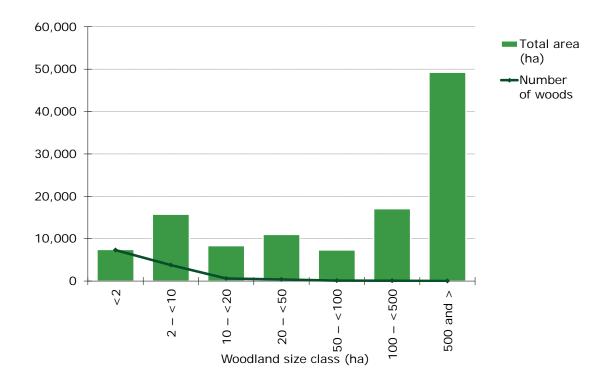


Table 7 Woodland area by size class distribution

Size class (ha)	Total area (ha)	Number of woods	% of total area	Mean wood area (ha)
North East				
<2	7,442	7,306	6%	1
2 - <10	15,762	3,774	14%	4
10 - <20	8,339	598	7%	14
20 - <50	10,979	361	9%	30
50 - <100	7,328	107	6%	68
100 - <500	17,045	87	15%	196
500 and >	49,234	15	42%	3,282
All woods	116,130	12,248	100%	9

Open areas in woodland by land use type

Figure 7 Open areas in woodland by land use type

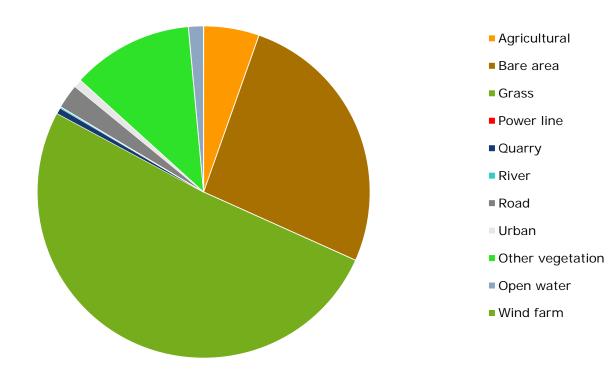


Table 8 Open areas in woodland by land use type

Interpreted open area	Total area (ha)	% of total area
North East		
Agricultural	171	5%
Bare area	832	26%
Grass	1,614	51%
Power line	< 1	0%
Quarry	18	1%
River	4	0%
Road	75	2%
Urban	25	1%
Other vegetation	373	12%
Open water	46	1%
Wind farm	0	0%
TOTALS	3,158	100%

Net area under canopy

Stocked area by species

Figure 8 Stocked area by principal tree species

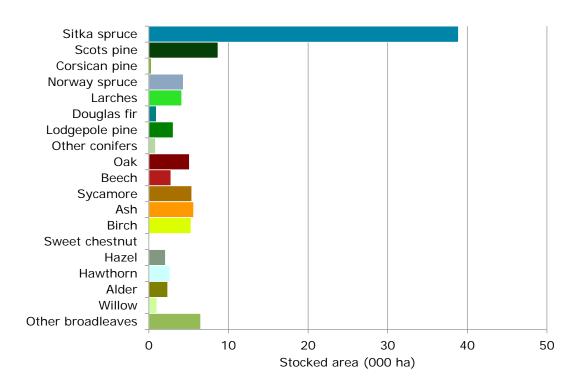


Table 9 Stocked area by principal tree species

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Principal species	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
Conifers				
Sitka spruce	28.7	10.2	13	38.9
Scots pine	1.9	6.8	14	8.7
Corsican pine	0.3	< 0.1	83	0.3
Norway spruce	2.7	1.7	28	4.3
Larches	1.2	3.0	19	4.1
Douglas fir	0.3	0.6	53	1.0
Lodgepole pine	2.1	1.0	36	3.1
Other conifers	0.4	0.4	51	0.8
All conifers	37.6	23.8	6	61.3
Broadleaves				
Oak	< 0.1	5.0	17	5.1
Beech	0.1	2.6	20	2.8
Sycamore	< 0.1	5.3	15	5.4
Ash	< 0.1	5.6	16	5.6
Birch	0.1	5.2	14	5.3
Sweet chestnut	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
Hazel	< 0.1	2.1	26	2.1
Hawthorn	0.0	2.7	26	2.7
Alder	< 0.1	2.3	22	2.4
Willow	0.0	1.0	36	1.0
Other broadleaves	2.1	4.4	13	6.5
All broadleaves	2.5	36.3	5	38.9
All species				
All species	40.1	60.2	3	100.3

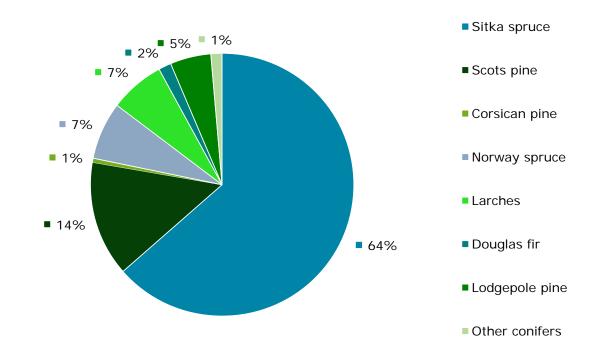
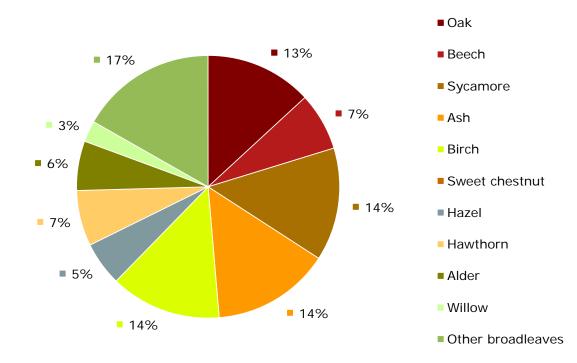


Figure 9 Stocked area by principal conifer species

Figure 10 Stocked area by principal broadleaved species



Stocked area by age class

Figure 11 Stocked area by age class

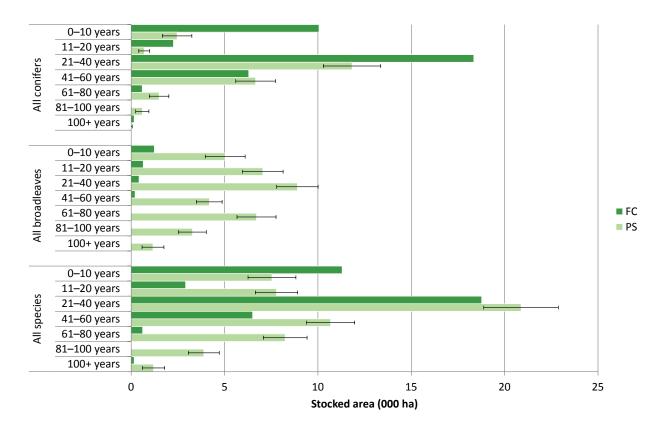


Table 10 Stocked area by age class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Age class (years)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
All conifers				
0–10	10.1	2.5	32	12.5
11–20	2.3	0.7	42	3.0
21–40	18.3	11.8	13	30.2
41–60	6.3	6.7	16	13.0
61–80	0.6	1.5	35	2.1
81–100	< 0.1	0.6	59	0.6
100+	0.2	< 0.1	100	0.2
Total	37.6	23.8	6	61.3
All broadleaves				
0–10	1.2	5.0	21	6.3
11–20	0.6	7.1	15	7.7
21–40	0.4	8.9	13	9.3
41–60	0.2	4.2	16	4.4
61–80	< 0.1	6.7	16	6.7
81–100	< 0.1	3.3	23	3.3
100+	< 0.1	1.2	50	1.2
Total	2.5	36.3	5	38.9
All species				
0–10	11.3	7.5	17	18.8
11–20	2.9	7.8	15	10.7
21–40	18.8	20.9	10	39.6
41–60	6.5	10.7	12	17.2
61–80	0.6	8.2	14	8.9
81–100	< 0.1	3.9	21	3.9
100+	0.2	1.2	49	1.4
Total	40.1	60.2	3	100.3

Stocked area by mean stand dbh class

Figure 12 Stocked area by mean stand dbh class

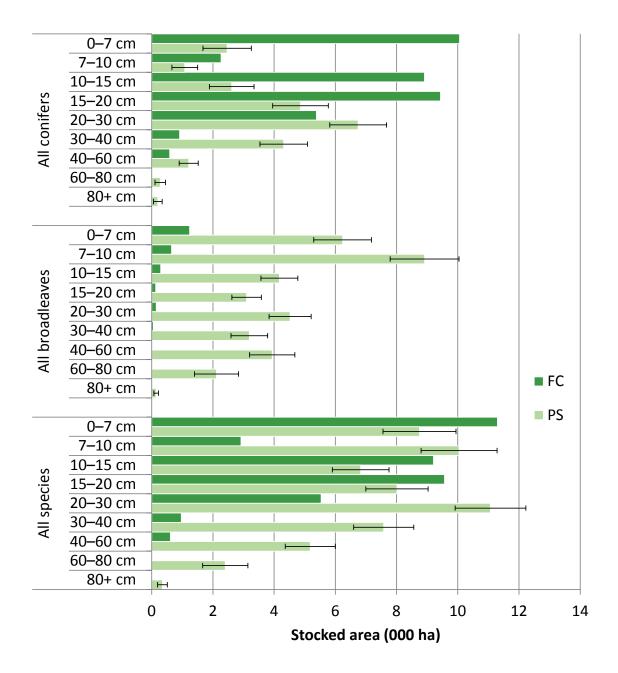


Table 11	Stockod	aroa	hv	moan	stand	dhh	class
	SIUCKEU	area	DУ	mean	Stariu	ubli	CIASS

	FC	Private secto	Total area (000 ha)	
Mean stand DBH (cm)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha) SE%		
All conifers	· ·		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
0–7	10.1	2.5	32	12.5
7–10	2.3	1.1	39	3.3
10–15	8.9	2.6	28	11.5
15–20	9.4	4.9	19	14.3
20–30	5.4	6.7	14	12.1
30–40	0.9	4.3	18	5.2
40–60	0.6	1.2	26	1.8
60–80	< 0.1	0.3	61	0.3
80+	< 0.1	0.2	69	0.2
Total	37.6	23.8	6	61.3
All broadleaves				
0–7	1.2	6.2	15	7.5
7–10	0.6	8.9	13	9.6
10–15	0.3	4.2	14	4.5
15–20	0.1	3.1	16	3.2
20–30	0.2	4.5	15	4.7
30–40	< 0.1	3.2	19	3.2
40–60	< 0.1	3.9	19	4.0
60–80	< 0.1	2.1	34	2.1
80+	0.0	0.1	52	0.1
Total	2.5	36.3	5	38.9
All species				
0–7	11.3	8.7	14	20.0
7–10	2.9	10.0	12	13.0
10–15	9.2	6.8	14	16.0
15–20	9.6	8.0	13	17.6
20–30	5.5	11.1	10	16.6
30–40	1.0	7.6	13	8.6
40–60	0.6	5.2	16	5.8
60–80	< 0.1	2.4	31	2.4
80+	< 0.1	0.3	46	0.4
Total	40.1	60.2	3	100.3

Clearfelled area

Field sample

based

0

20

Table 12 Clearfelled area

	FC	Private sector		Total	
Clearfelled area	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)	
North East	2.3	1.6	38	3.9	

Comparison of mapped area estimates and stocked area estimates



Figure 13 Simplified comparison of mapped area and stocked area

40

Table 13 Simplified comparison of mapped area and stocked area

	Woodland map based	Field sample based
		ea) ha)
North East		
Broadleaved	26.8	38.9
Conifer	62.5	61.3

60

Area (000 ha)

80

100

The broadleaved class includes broadleaved, mixed mainly broadleaved, coppice and coppice with standards. The conifer class includes conifer and mixed mainly conifer. The transition class is excluded from this table as it is not possible to differentiate between conifer and broadleaves with aerial photography interpretation. The area of young trees is included in the field sample based estimates.

Conifer

120

Standing volume

Standing volume by species

Figure 14 Standing volume by principal tree species

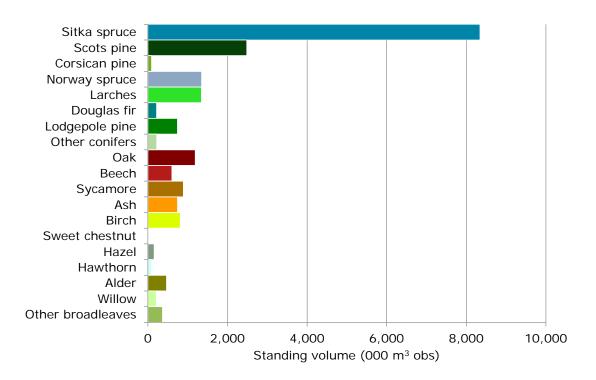


Table 14 Standing volume by principal tree species

	FC	Private secto	Total		
Principal species	volume	volume	SE%	volume	
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)	JE 70	(000 m ³ obs)	
Conifers					
Sitka spruce	4,963	3,379	17	8,342	
Scots pine	329	2,156	16	2,485	
Corsican pine	53	41	89	94	
Norway spruce	575	777	31	1,353	
Larches	174	1,172	27	1,345	
Douglas fir	61	160	52	221	
Lodgepole pine	384	359	41	743	
Other conifers	72	150	52	222	
All conifers	6,611	8,211	8	14,822	
Broadleaves					
Oak	9	1,182	23	1,191	
Beech	20	584	27	604	
Sycamore	6	886	20	892	
Ash	< 1	748	18	748	
Birch	21	794	20	815	
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	
Hazel	< 1	157	28	157	
Hawthorn	0	96	34	96	
Alder	6	464	29	470	
Willow	0	213	47	213	
Other broadleaves	57	312	20	369	
All broadleaves	121	5,436	7	5,557	
All species					
All species	6,731	13,663	5	20,395	

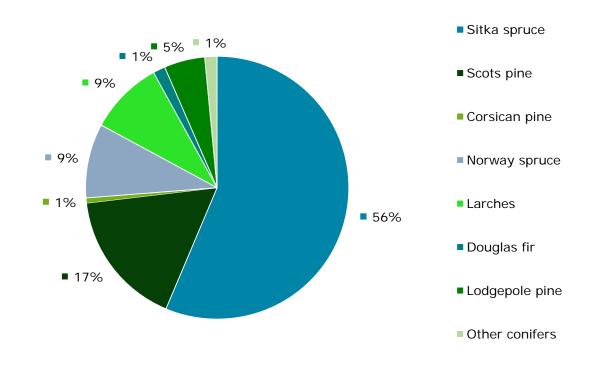
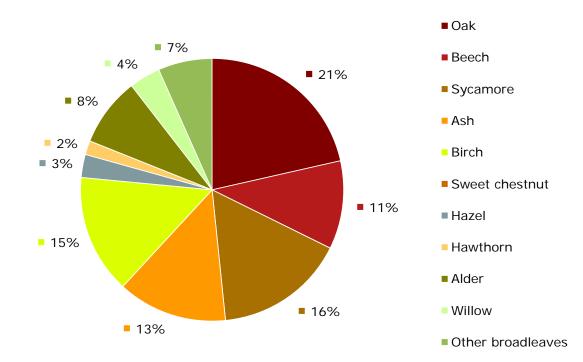


Figure 15 Standing volume by principal conifer species

Figure 16 Standing volume by principal broadleaved species



Standing volume by age class

Figure 17 Standing volume by age class

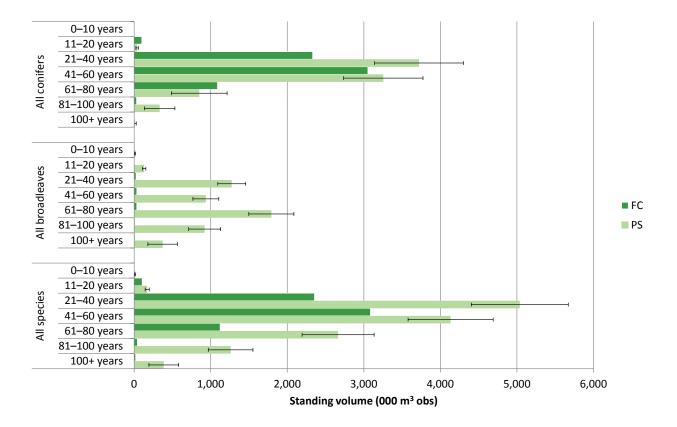
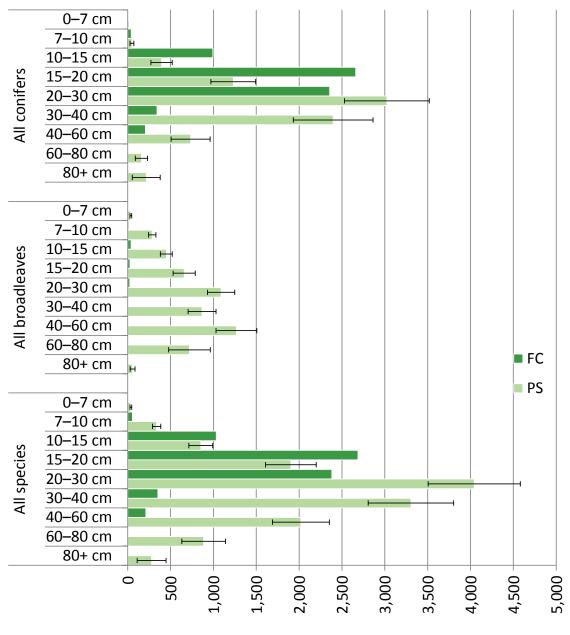


Table 15 Standing volume by age class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Age class (years)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
All conifers				
0–10	< 1	< 1	64	< 1
11–20	99	39	40	138
21–40	2,330	3,721	16	6,051
41–60	3,053	3,254	16	6,307
61–80	1,089	850	43	1,939
81–100	31	333	60	364
100+	8	14	100	22
Total	6,611	8,211	8	14,822
All broadleaves				
0–10	< 1	12	37	12
11–20	6	131	17	137
21–40	25	1,274	14	1,299
41–60	34	936	18	970
61–80	34	1,792	16	1,825
81–100	11	920	23	931
100+	11	372	52	383
Total	121	5,436	7	5,557
All species				
0–10	< 1	12	36	12
11–20	105	170	16	276
21–40	2,355	5,037	13	7,392
41–60	3,087	4,133	13	7,220
61–80	1,122	2,664	18	3,786
81–100	42	1,260	23	1,302
100+	19	387	50	406
Total	6,731	13,663	5	20,395

Standing volume by mean stand dbh class

Figure 18 Standing volume by stand mean dbh class



Standing volume (000 m³ obs)

Table 16 Standing volume by mean stand dbh class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Mean stand DBH (cm)	volume	volume	SE%	volume
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)	<i>JE 70</i>	(000 m ³ obs)
All conifers		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
0–7	< 1	< 1	97	< 1
7–10	41	49	45	91
10–15	994	396	31	1,390
15–20	2,661	1,232	21	3,893
20–30	2,357	3,025	16	5,381
30–40	342	2,398	19	2,740
40–60	208	735	31	943
60–80	7	161	45	167
80+	< 1	217	76	217
Total	6,611	8,211	8	14,822
All broadleaves				
0–7	< 1	36	28	37
7–10	14	286	15	301
10–15	40	451	15	490
15–20	27	659	20	686
20–30	25	1,090	15	1,114
30–40	10	867	19	878
40–60	4	1,269	19	1,273
60–80	< 1	721	34	722
80+	< 1	57	50	57
Total	121	5,436	7	5,557
All species				
0–7	< 1	37	28	37
7–10	55	337	14	393
10–15	1,034	853	16	1,886
15–20	2,688	1,904	16	4,592
20–30	2,381	4,044	13	6,425
30–40	353	3,304	15	3,657
40–60	212	2,021	16	2,232
60–80	7	886	29	893
80+	< 1	279	60	279
Total	6,731	13,663	5	20,395

Number of measureable trees

Number of measureable trees by species

Figure 19 Number of measureable trees by principal tree species

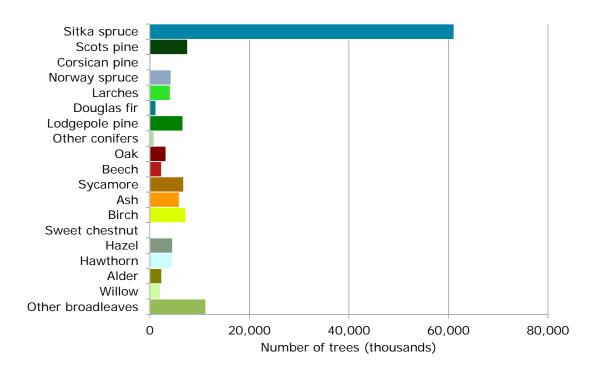


Table 17 Number of measureable trees by principal tree species

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Principal species	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
Conifers			· · · · · · · ·	
Sitka spruce	45,638	15,468	17	61,106
Scots pine	1,953	5,621	18	7,574
Corsican pine	180	24	80	204
Norway spruce	2,483	1,763	34	4,246
Larches	1,762	2,327	19	4,089
Douglas fir	476	727	76	1,203
Lodgepole pine	4,960	1,684	34	6,644
Other conifers	569	285	52	854
All conifers	58,022	28,155	9	86,177
Broadleaves				
Oak	57	3,187	18	3,244
Beech	136	2,204	25	2,340
Sycamore	40	6,753	17	6,794
Ash	3	5,916	22	5,919
Birch	287	6,942	17	7,229
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0
Hazel	2	4,562	25	4,564
Hawthorn	0	4,587	40	4,587
Alder	91	2,268	24	2,359
Willow	0	2,110	40	2,110
Other broadleaves	2,061	9,187	19	11,248
All broadleaves	2,677	47,697	7	50,374
All species				
All species	60,699	75,970	6	136,669

Number of measureable trees by age class

Figure 20 Number of measureable trees by age class

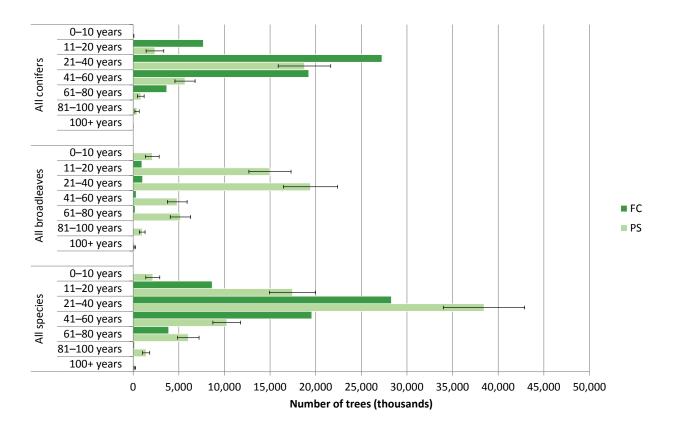
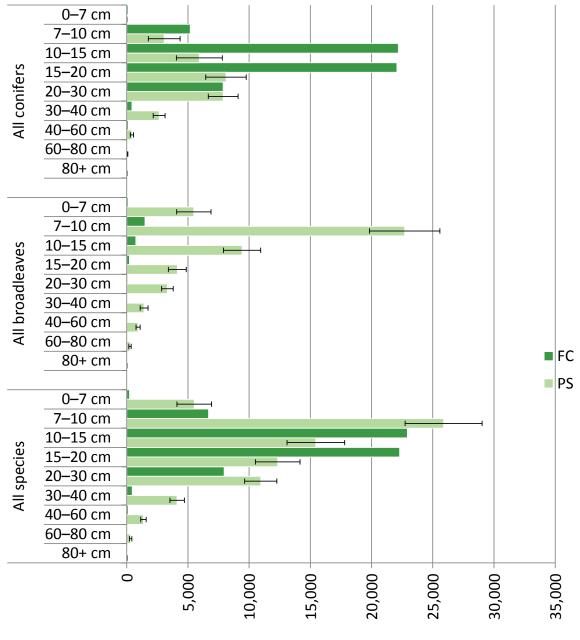


Table 18 Number of measureable trees by age class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Age class (years)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
All conifers				
0–10	44	47	71	91
11–20	7,697	2,388	41	10,085
21–40	27,267	18,771	15	46,037
41–60	19,240	5,681	19	24,921
61–80	3,676	841	43	4,518
81–100	76	422	57	499
100+	22	5	100	27
Total	58,022	28,155	9	86,177
All broadleaves				
0–10	7	2,096	36	2,103
11–20	960	14,992	15	15,952
21–40	1,033	19,434	15	20,467
41–60	332	4,824	22	5,156
61–80	221	5,178	22	5,399
81–100	69	994	31	1,063
100+	55	180	47	235
Total	2,677	47,697	7	50,374
All species			· · · · ·	
0–10	51	2,152	36	2,203
11–20	8,658	17,456	14	26,114
21–40	28,300	38,450	12	66,750
41–60	19,572	10,256	15	29,828
61–80	3,897	6,046	19	9,943
81–100	145	1,424	28	1,569
100+	77	186	45	262
Total	60,699	75,970	6	136,669

Number of measureable trees by mean stand dbh class

Figure 21 Number of measureable trees by mean stand dbh class



Number of trees (thousands)

Table 19 Number of measureable trees by mean stand dbh class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Mean stand DBH	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
All conifers				
0–7 cm	122	6	97	128
7–10 cm	5,188	3,064	42	8,252
10–15 cm	22,185	5,932	32	28,118
15–20 cm	22,076	8,109	20	30,184
20–30 cm	7,877	7,883	15	15,760
30–40 cm	439	2,652	18	3,091
40–60 cm	132	432	31	564
60–80 cm	2	60	51	62
80+ cm	< 1	17	72	17
Total	58,022	28,155	9	86,177
All broadleaves				
0–7 cm	115	5,486	26	5,601
7–10 cm	1,496	22,702	13	24,197
10–15 cm	744	9,419	16	10,163
15–20 cm	218	4,138	18	4,356
20–30 cm	86	3,326	14	3,412
30–40 cm	16	1,421	23	1,436
40–60 cm	3	927	19	930
60–80 cm	< 1	268	34	268
80+ cm	< 1	9	51	9
Total	2,677	47,697	7	50,374
All species				
0–7 cm	238	5,516	26	5,754
7–10 cm	6,683	25,881	12	32,564
10–15 cm	22,930	15,444	15	38,374
15–20 cm	22,293	12,336	15	34,629
20–30 cm	7,963	10,949	12	18,912
30–40 cm	455	4,117	14	4,572
40–60 cm	135	1,370	16	1,505
60–80 cm	2	329	29	332
80+ cm	< 1	27	50	27
Total	60,699	75,970	6	136,669

Biomass stocks in live woodland trees

Biomass stocks by species

Figure 22 Biomass stocks by principal tree species

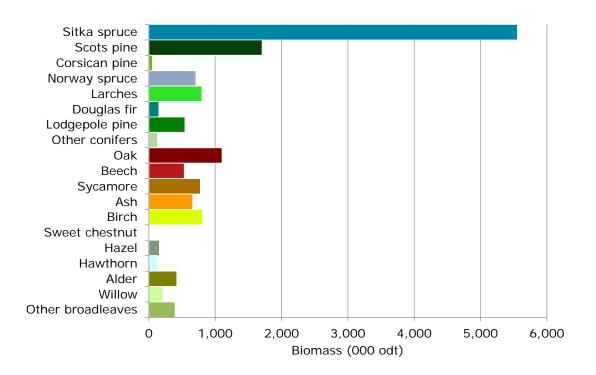


Table 20 Biomass stocks by principal tree species

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Principal species	biomass (000 odt)	biomass (000 odt)	SE%	biomass (000 odt)
Conifers			ĺ	
Sitka spruce	3,458	2,097	16	5,555
Scots pine	243	1,465	15	1,708
Corsican pine	31	22	89	53
Norway spruce	322	387	30	709
Larches	122	679	26	801
Douglas fir	45	106	53	151
Lodgepole pine	297	248	41	545
Other conifers	43	88	52	131
All conifers	4,561	5,107	7	9,669
Broadleaves				
Oak	9	1,095	22	1,104
Beech	19	514	26	533
Sycamore	6	771	19	776
Ash	< 1	661	18	661
Birch	20	792	19	813
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0
Hazel	< 1	159	27	159
Hawthorn	0	126	34	126
Alder	5	416	30	422
Willow	0	210	45	210
Other broadleaves	61	335	18	396
All broadleaves	120	5,088	7	5,208
All species				
All species	4,682	10,207	5	14,889

Carbon stocks in live woodland trees

Carbon stocks by species

Figure 23 Carbon stocks by principal tree species

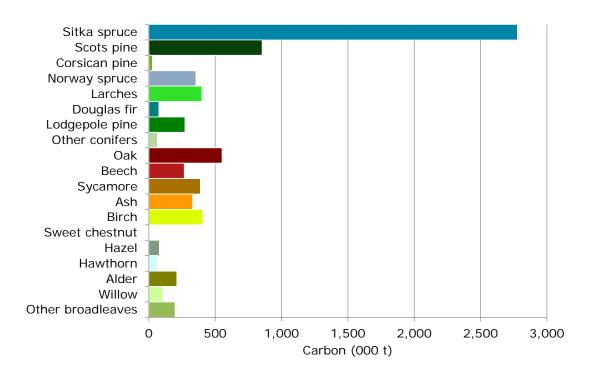


Table 21 Carbon stocks by principal tree species

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Principal species	carbon (000 t)	carbon (000 t)	SE%	carbon (000 t)
Conifers			· · · · · · · · ·	
Sitka spruce	1,729	1,048	16	2,778
Scots pine	121	732	15	854
Corsican pine	16	11	89	27
Norway spruce	161	194	30	355
Larches	61	339	26	400
Douglas fir	22	53	53	76
Lodgepole pine	149	124	41	273
Other conifers	21	44	52	65
All conifers	2,281	2,554	7	4,834
Broadleaves				
Oak	4	548	22	552
Beech	10	257	26	267
Sycamore	3	385	19	388
Ash	< 1	331	18	331
Birch	10	396	19	406
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0
Hazel	< 1	80	27	80
Hawthorn	0	63	34	63
Alder	3	208	30	211
Willow	0	105	45	105
Other broadleaves	30	167	18	198
All broadleaves	60	2,544	7	2,604
All species				
All species	2,341	5,104	5	7,445

Existing woodland management information and economic viability data (PS only)

Sample square distribution

Table 22 Sample square distribution

Number of squares surveyed	Number of squares surveyed	Number of Private sector squares surveyed	Number of Private sector squares containing coniferous species	Number of Private sector squares containing broadleaved species
North East	186	160	125	128

Evidence of management

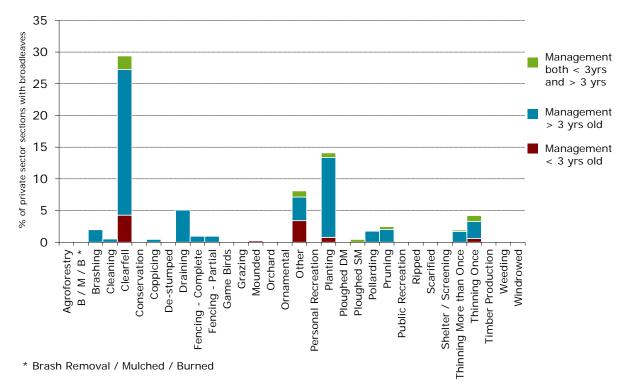
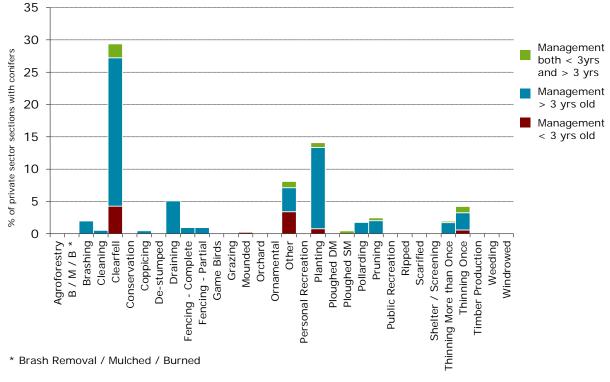


Figure 24 Evidence of management in PS broadleaf sections





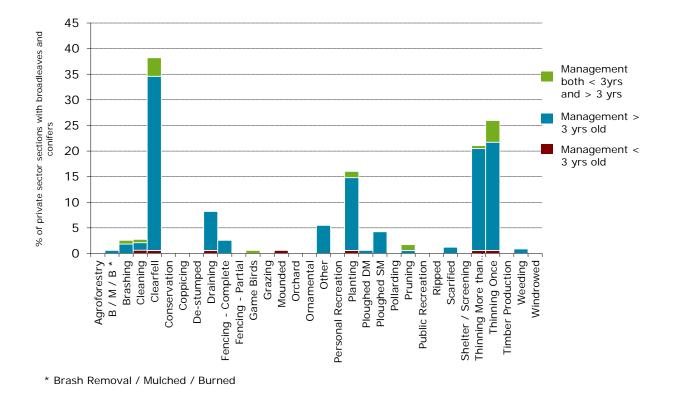
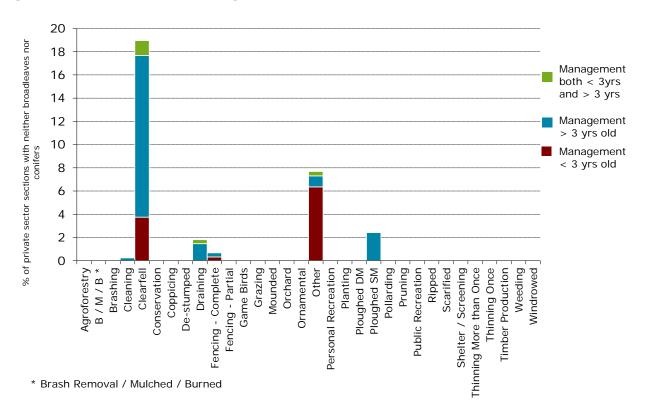
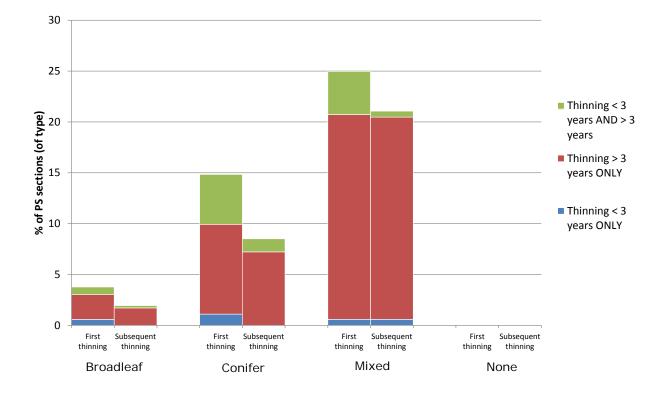


Figure 26 Evidence of management in PS mixed broadleaf/conifer sections

Figure 27 Evidence of management in PS sections with no broadleaf or conifer







Suitability for harvesting

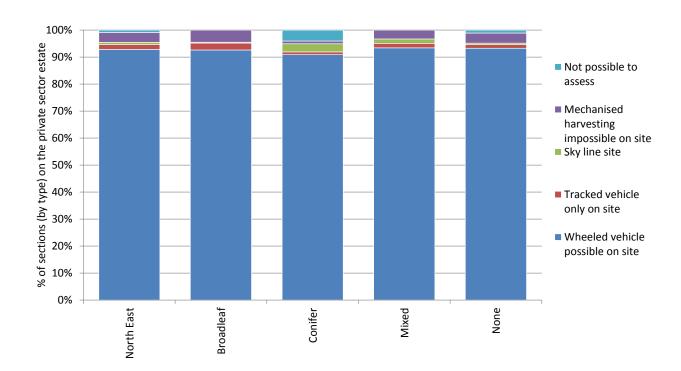
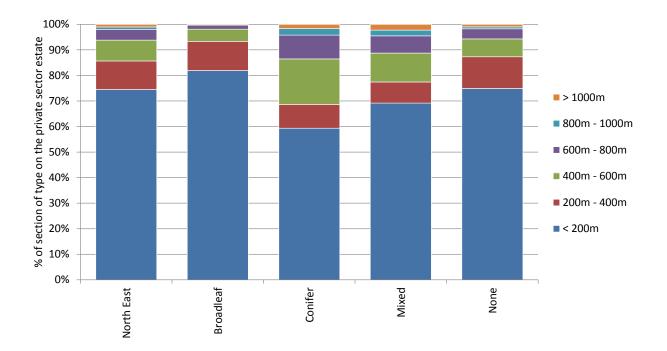


Figure 29 Suitability for harvesting

Distance to road

Figure 30 Distance to road



Type of road or ride

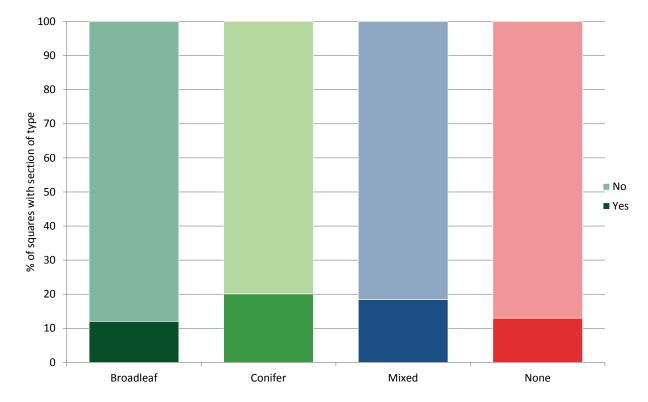
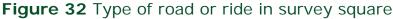
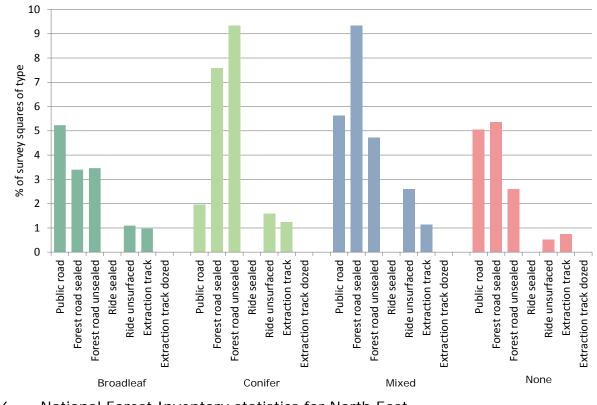


Figure 31 Road or ride in survey square





56 National Forest Inventory statistics for North East

Mean yield class

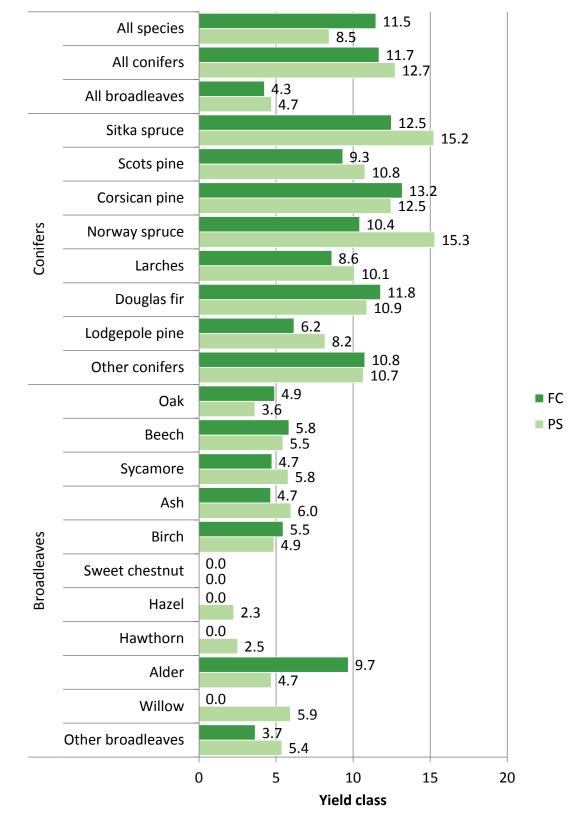


Figure 33 Mean yield class by principal tree species (FC and PS)

Table 23 Mean yield class by principal tree species (FC and PS)

	FC	Private sector	
Principal species	mean yield class weighted by area		
Conifers			
Sitka spruce	12.5	15.2	
Scots pine	9.3	10.8	
Corsican pine	13.2	12.5	
Norway spruce	10.4	15.3	
Larches	8.6	10.1	
Douglas fir	11.8	10.9	
Lodgepole pine	6.2	8.2	
Other conifers	10.8	10.7	
All conifers	11.7	12.7	
Broadleaves			
Oak	4.9	3.6	
Beech	5.8	5.5	
Sycamore	4.7	5.8	
Ash	4.7	6.0	
Birch	5.5	4.9	
Sweet chestnut	0.0	0.0	
Hazel	0.0	2.3	
Hawthorn	0.0	2.5	
Alder	9.7	4.7	
Willow	0.0	5.9	
Other broadleaves	3.7	5.4	
All broadleaves	4.3	4.7	
All species			
All species	11.5	8.5	

Overdue timber stocks

Overdue volume and area

Table 24 Standing volume in overdue timber stocks

	FC	Private secto	or
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE %
North East	•		
All conifers	229	1,589	27
All broadleaves	8	2,452	13
All species	237	4,074	13

Table 25 Stocked area of overdue timber stocks

	FC	Private secto	or
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE %
North East			
All conifers	0.6	2.5	24
All broadleaves	< 0.1	9.4	12
All species	0.7	11.9	11

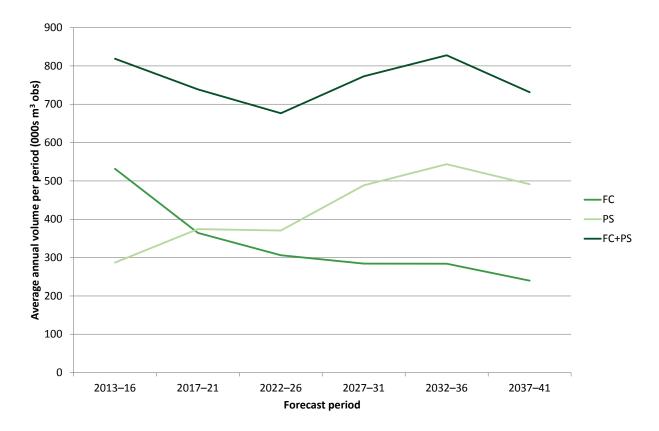
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25-year softwood forecast

25-year forecast of softwood timber availability

Figure 34 Summary of 25–year forecast of softwood timber availability; average annual volume within period



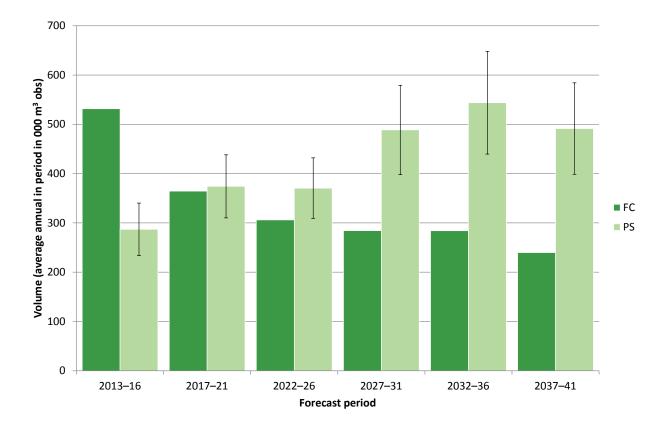


Figure 35 25–year forecast of softwood timber availability; average annual volume within period

Table 26 25-year forecast of softwood availability; average annual volumewithin period

	FC	Private secto	Total	
Forecast period	volume	volume	SE%	volume
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)	0270	(000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	532	287	19	819
2017–21	365	374	17	739
2022–26	306	371	17	677
2027–31	284	489	19	773
2032–36	284	544	19	828
2037–41	240	491	19	731

25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species

Table 27 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species;average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21		
Principal species	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor
Frincipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%		volume (000 m ³ obs)	
North East			· · · · · ·			
All conifers	532	287	19	365	374	17
Sitka spruce	401	121	41	294	134	30
Scots pine	15	55	19	10	84	33
Corsican pine	2	1	91	< 1	1	73
Norway spruce	75	28	32	30	59	60
Larches	6	50	26	6	59	28
Douglas fir	2	9	42	2	6	49
Lodgepole pine	27 6		53	19	22	70
Other conifers	4	15	76	3	7	62

Table 27 (cont'd) 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2022–26		2027–31			
Principal species	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor	
Frincipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%		volume (000 m ³ obs)		
North East							
All conifers	306	371	17	284	489	19	
Sitka spruce	258	206	29	248	216	34	
Scots pine	13	80	23	9	171	33	
Corsican pine	1	1	80	< 1	< 1	96	
Norway spruce	10	15	29	10	35	52	
Larches	6	49	26	6	37	27	
Douglas fir	2	9	43	1	7	53	
Lodgepole pine	12	6	46	9	14	74	
Other conifers	3	3	73	2	4	59	

Table 27 (cont'd) 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2032–36		2037–41			
Principal species	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor	
r incipal species	volı (000 m		SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	
North East							
All conifers	284	544	19	240	491	19	
Sitka spruce	254	313	30	203	234	33	
Scots pine	8	127	31	8	106	36	
Corsican pine	< 1	< 1	96	1	< 1	89	
Norway spruce	5	56	60	11	39	47	
Larches	6	33	28	7	22	31	
Douglas fir	2	3	47	4	29	89	
Lodgepole pine	4 2		56	< 1	52	60	
Other conifers	3	5	52	5	4	41	

25-year forecast of softwood timber availability % spruce

Table 28 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability % spruce

Nort	h East				Top dia	ameter clas	ss (cm)			
NOL	neasi	7–14	14–16	16–18	18–24	24-34	34-44	44-54	54+	Total
2013–16	FC (%)	87	90	91	92	90	79	70	86	90
2013-10	PS (%)	60	57	57	55	50	35	21	54	52
2017–21	FC (%)	85	90	91	93	90	81	73	59	89
2017-21	PS (%)	45	42	42	42	48	55	59	86	52
2022–26	FC (%)	89	91	91	91	84	62	46	40	88
2022-20	PS (%)	70	71	70	64	55	48	47	37	60
2027–31	FC (%)	90	92	92	92	88	79	69	78	90
2027-31	PS (%)	54	56	60	57	53	46	38	49	51
2022.27	FC (%)	92	93	93	92	88	81	74	72	91
2032–36	PS (%)	67	71	71	71	70	68	64	34	68
2027 41	FC (%)	89	93	92	91	84	75	71	62	89
2037–41	PS (%)	67	74	69	60	48	46	46	32	56

25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by top diameter class

Table 29 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by top diameter class;average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21			
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor	
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volı (000 m		SE%	
North East							
7–14	155	45	15	95	38	16	
14–16	66	21	14	41	18	16	
16–18	65	23	15	42	23	15	
18–24	153	76	21	105	81	15	
24–34	74	84	30	61	103	19	
34–44	12	25	22	13	48	26	
44–54	3	7	23	4	21	32	
54+	4 5		45	3	42	55	
Total	532	287	19	365	374	17	

Table 29 (cont'd) 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2022–26		2027–31		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
7–14	82	43	21	74	43	17
14–16	38	21	24	35	19	16
16–18	37	26	23	36	22	15
18–24	90	98	21	87	86	16
24–34	44	119	17	42	153	23
34–44	8	42	19	7	85	25
44–54	3	15	22	2	42	28
54+	3 6		28	1	39	46
Total	306	371	17	284	489	19

Table 29 (cont'd) 25-year forecast of softwood timber availability by topdiameter class; average annual volume within period

		2032–36		2037–41			
Top diameter class	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor	
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%		volume (000 m ³ obs)		
North East							
7–14	78	39	16	78	58	27	
14–16	36	20	17	30	27	30	
16–18	36	24	18	29	32	26	
18–24	85	116	21	67	126	23	
24–34	39	208	23	29	163	22	
34–44	6	85	23	5	55	19	
44–54	2	29	22	2	19	23	
54+	< 1 23		36	< 1	12	33	
Total	284	544	19	240	491	19	

25-year forecast of standing volume in conifers

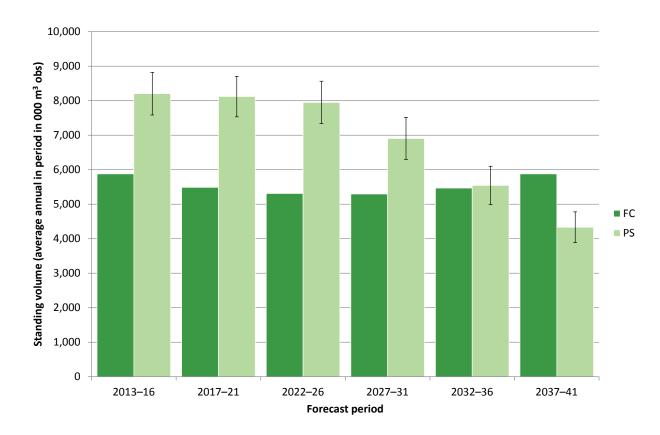


Figure 36 25-year forecast of standing volume in conifers

Table 30 25-year forecast of standing volume in conifers; average annualvolume within period

	FC	Private secto	Total	
Forecast period	volume	volume	SE%	volume
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)	3E 70	(000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	5,877	8,203	8	14,081
2017–21	5,487	8,120	7	13,606
2022–26	5,310	7,948	8	13,258
2027–31	5,297	6,906	9	12,202
2032–36	5,467	5,545	10	11,013
2037–41	5,877	4,331	10	10,208

25-year forecast of net increment in conifers

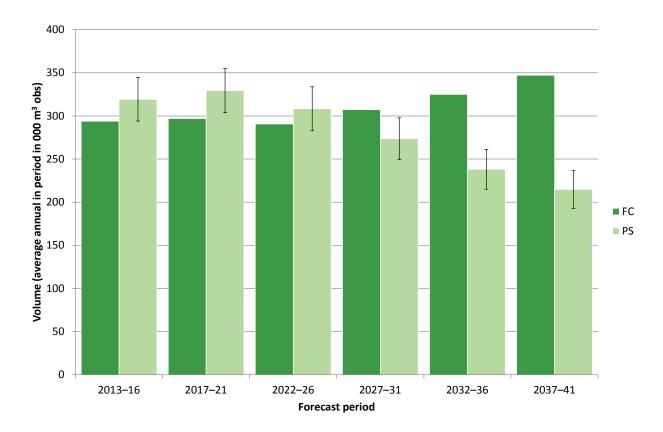


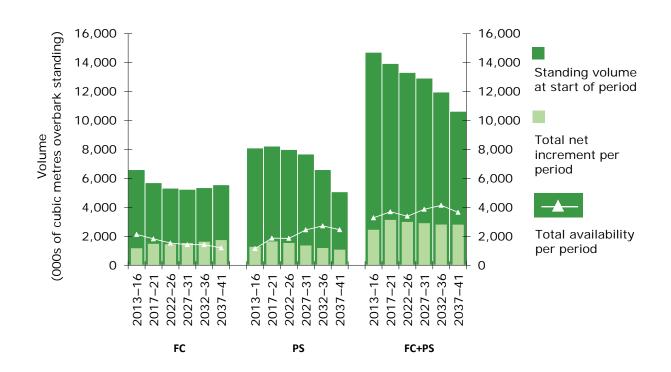
Figure 37 25-year forecast of net increment in conifers

 Table 31 25-year forecast of net increment in conifers; average annual volume within period

	FC	Private sector		Total
Forecast period	volume	volume	SE%	volume
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)	SL 70	(000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	294	319	8	613
2017–21	297	329	8	626
2022–26	291	308	8	599
2027–31	307	274	9	581
2032–36	325	238	10	563
2037–41	347	215	10	562

Combined standing volume, net increment and availability

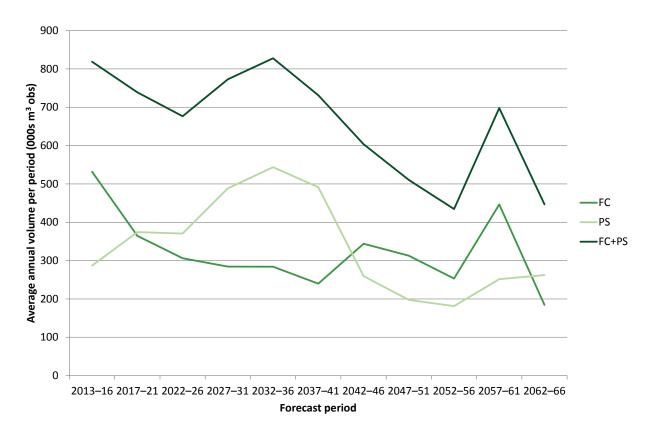




50-year softwood forecast

50-year forecast of softwood timber availability

Figure 39 Summary of 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability; average annual volume within period



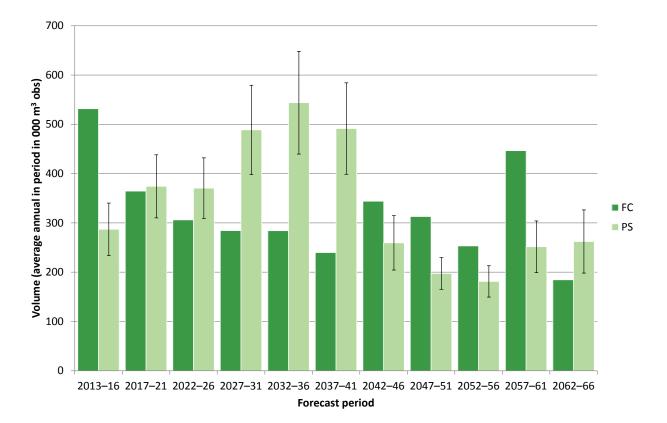


Figure 40 50–year forecast of softwood timber availability; average annual volume within period

Table 32 Summary of 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability; averageannual volume within period

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Forecast period	volume	volume	SE%	volume
	(000 m ³ obs)	(000 m ³ obs)		(000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	532	287	19	819
2017–21	365	374	17	739
2022–26	306	371	17	677
2027–31	284	489	19	773
2032–36	284	544	19	828
2037–41	240	491	19	731
2042–46	344	260	21	604
2047–51	313	197	16	510
2052–56	253	181	18	435
2057–61	446	252	21	698
2062–66	184	262	24	447

50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species

Table 33 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species;average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21			
Principal species	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor	
Frincipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m	-	SE%	
North East		·					
All conifers	532	287	19	365	374	17	
Sitka spruce	401	121	41	294	134	30	
Scots pine	15	55	19	10	84	33	
Corsican pine	2	1	91	< 1	1	73	
Norway spruce	75	28	32	30	59	60	
Larches	6	50	26	6	59	28	
Douglas fir	2	9	42	2	6	49	
Lodgepole pine	27 6		53	19	22	70	
Other conifers	4	15	76	3	7	62	

Table 33 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

Principal species	2022–26			2027–31		
	FC	Private sector		FC	Private sec	tor
	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
All conifers	306	371	17	284	489	19
Sitka spruce	258	206	29	248	216	34
Scots pine	13	80	23	9	171	33
Corsican pine	1	1	80	< 1	< 1	96
Norway spruce	10	15	29	10	35	52
Larches	6	49	26	6	37	27
Douglas fir	2	9	43	1	7	53
Lodgepole pine	12	6	46	9	14	74
Other conifers	3	3	73	2	4	59

Table 33 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2032–36		2037–41		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Filicipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%
North East						
All conifers	284	544	19	240	491	19
Sitka spruce	254	313	30	203	234	33
Scots pine	8	127	31	8	106	36
Corsican pine	< 1	< 1	96	1	< 1	89
Norway spruce	5	56	60	11	39	47
Larches	6	33	28	7	22	31
Douglas fir	2	3	47	4	29	89
Lodgepole pine	4	2	56	< 1	52	60
Other conifers	3	5	52	5	4	41

Table 33 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2042–46		2047–51		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC Private sec		tor
Frincipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%
North East						
All conifers	344	260	21	313	197	16
Sitka spruce	283	131	37	263	75	26
Scots pine	11	59	36	10	64	30
Corsican pine	3	< 1	87	4	< 1	87
Norway spruce	24	34	55	20	19	79
Larches	11	19	33	4	22	31
Douglas fir	6	4	23	4	6	19
Lodgepole pine	1 3		90	3	2	74
Other conifers	6	6	42	5	10	39

Table 33 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2052–56		2057–61		
Principal species	FC	FC Private sector			Private sec	tor
Filicipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%
North East						
All conifers	253	181	18	446	252	21
Sitka spruce	202	87	29	340	120	35
Scots pine	9	51	35	20	81	37
Corsican pine	2	< 1	86	6	< 1	86
Norway spruce	19	7	31	50	15	46
Larches	6	16	35	8	17	35
Douglas fir	6	9	21	7	8	18
Lodgepole pine	4 2		46	6	< 1	48
Other conifers	6	8	22	10	10	20

Table 33 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2062–66	
Drincipal chacies	FC	ctor	
Principal species	volu	-	SE%
	(000 m	n ³ obs)	0270
North East			
All conifers	184	262	24
Sitka spruce	118	153	36
Scots pine	10	56	46
Corsican pine	2	< 1	64
Norway spruce	21	10	27
Larches	3	7	25
Douglas fir	15	17	30
Lodgepole pine	1	< 1	48
Other conifers	14	18	34

50-year forecast of softwood timber availability % spruce

	North East				Top di	ameter clas	s (cm)			
-	NOITHEAST	7–14	14–16	16–18	18–24	24–34	34-44	44–54	54+	Total
2013–16	FC (%)	87	90	91	92	90	79	70	86	90
2013-10	PS (%)	60	57	57	55	50	35	21	54	52
2017–21	FC (%)	85	90	91	93	90	81	73	59	89
2017-21	PS (%)	45	42	42	42	48	55	59	86	52
2022–26	FC (%)	89	91	91	91	84	62	46	40	88
2022-20	PS (%)	70	71	70	64	55	48	47	37	60
2027–31	FC (%)	90	92	92	92	88	79	69	78	90
2027-31	PS (%)	54	56	60	57	53	46	38	49	51
2032–36	FC (%)	92	93	93	92	88	81	74	72	91
2032-30	PS (%)	67	71	71	71	70	68	64	34	68
2037–41	FC (%)	89	93	92	91	84	75	71	62	89
2037-41	PS (%)	67	74	69	60	48	46	46	32	56
2042–46	FC (%)	92	93	93	91	78	59	56	68	89
2042-40	PS (%)	71	74	73	73	69	58	43	8	64
2047–51	FC (%)	91	93	93	93	88	66	51	24	91
2047-31	PS (%)	49	50	51	56	49	39	35	33	47
2052–56	FC (%)	87	90	90	90	85	70	65	70	87
2032-30	PS (%)	49	52	51	50	55	55	57	25	52
2057–61	FC (%)	85	87	89	89	88	79	71	71	87
2037-01	PS (%)	54	59	58	48	55	56	58	29	54
2062–66	FC (%)	75	76	76	76	77	73	67	56	75
2002-00	PS (%)	56	63	63	58	64	67	74	48	62

 Table 34 50-year forecast of softwood timber availability % spruce

50-year forecast of standing volume in conifers

Figure 41 50–year forecast of standing volume in conifers; average annual volume within period

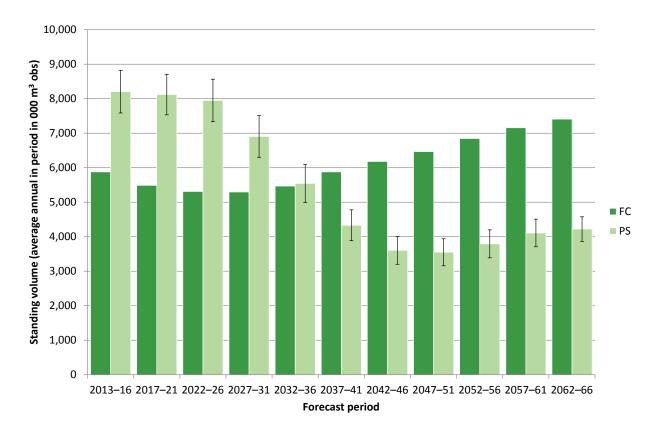


Table 35 50–year forecast of standing volume in conifers; average annual volume within period

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Forecast period	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	5,877	8,203	8	14,081
2017–21	5,487	8,120	7	13,606
2022–26	5,310	7,948	8	13,258
2027–31	5,297	6,906	9	12,202
2032–36	5,467	5,545	10	11,013
2037–41	5,877	4,331	10	10,208
2042–46	6,180	3,603	11	9,783
2047–51	6,467	3,549	11	10,016
2052–56	6,844	3,791	11	10,636
2057–61	7,155	4,107	10	11,262
2062–66	7,409	4,221	8	11,630

50-year forecast of net increment in conifers

Figure 42 50-year forecast of net increment in conifers; average annual volume within period

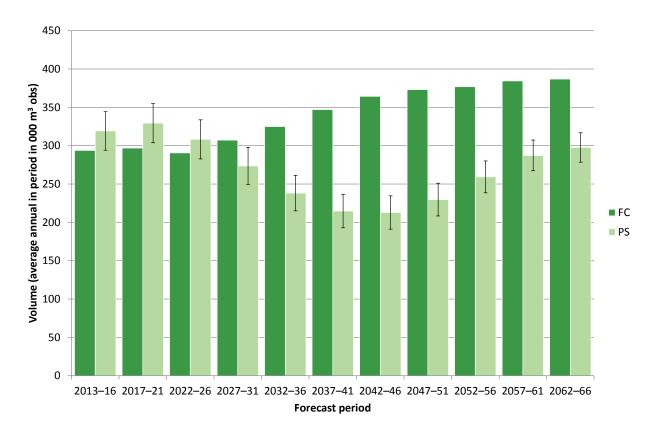


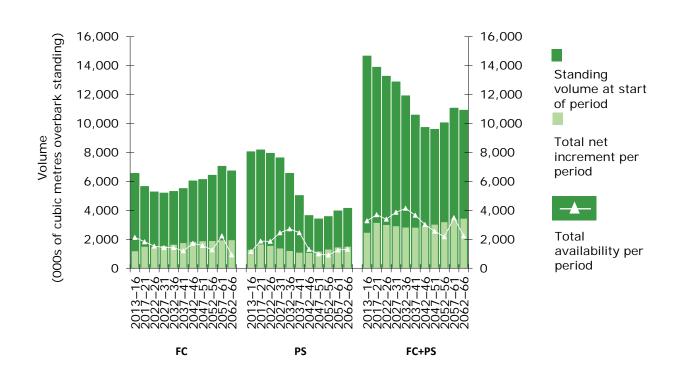
Table 36 50-year forecast of net increment in conifers; average annual volume within period

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Forecast period	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	294	319	8	613
2017–21	297	329	8	626
2022–26	291	308	8	599
2027–31	307	274	9	581
2032–36	325	238	10	563
3037–41	347	215	10	562
2042–46	364	213	10	577
2047–51	373	230	9	603
2052–56	377	259	8	636
2057–61	384	287	7	672
2062–66	387	298	6	685

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Combined standing volume, net increment and availability

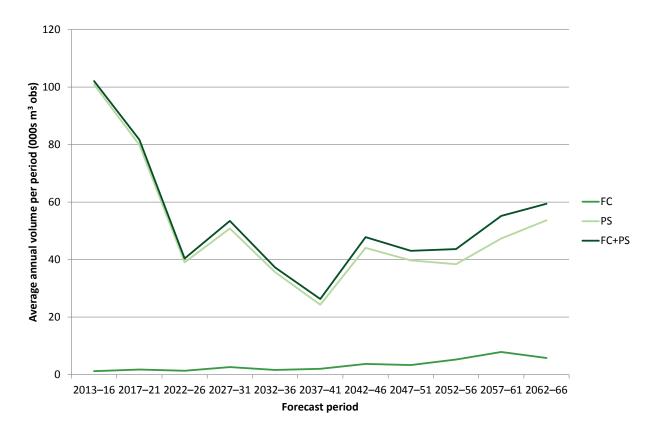
Figure 43 50-year forecast of standing volume, net increment and softwood availability



50-year hardwood forecast

50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability

Figure 44 Summary of 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability; average annual volume within period



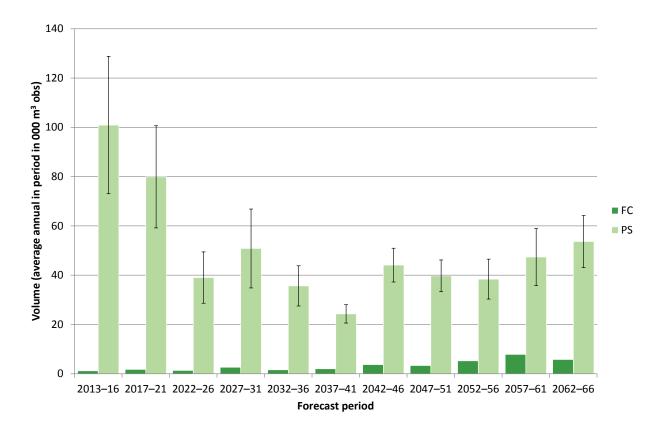


Figure 45 50–year forecast of hardwood timber availability; average annual volume within period

Table 37 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability; average annualvolume within period

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Forecast period	volume (000 m ³ obs)			volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	1	101	28	102
2017–21	2	80	26	82
2022–26	1	39	27	40
2027–31	3	51	31	53
2032–36	2	36	23	37
2037–41	2	24	15	26
2042–46	4	44	16	48
2047–51	3	40	16	43
2052–56	5	38	21	44
2057–61	8	47	24	55
2062–66	6	54	20	59

50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principal species

Table 38 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principal species;average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Filicipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	1	101	28	2	80	26
Oak	< 1	17	85	< 1	8	61
Beech	< 1	2	66	< 1	2	59
Sycamore	< 1	48	34	< 1	44	36
Ash	0	20	34	< 1	14	32
Birch	< 1	5	40	< 1	5	39
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	< 1	76	0	< 1	49
Hawthorn	0	< 1	49	0	< 1	50
Alder	< 1	3	55	< 1	1	67
Willow	0	< 1	71	0	< 1	71
Other broadleaves	< 1	4	52	< 1	3	38

Table 38 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2022–26			2027–31		
Principal species	FC	FC Private sector			Private sector	
Thirdpar species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m	-	SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	1	39	27	3	51	31
Oak	< 1	2	39	2	23	58
Beech	< 1	7	72	< 1	1	35
Sycamore	< 1	17	48	< 1	7	58
Ash	< 1	5	23	< 1	8	68
Birch	< 1	3	25	< 1	6	72
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	< 1	62	0	< 1	52
Hawthorn	0	< 1	49	0	< 1	45
Alder	< 1	< 1	39	< 1	< 1	29
Willow	0	< 1	60	0	< 1	63
Other broadleaves	< 1	3	36	< 1	4	28

Table 38 (cont'd)50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principalspecies; average annual volume within period

	2032–36			2037–41		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Principal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%		volume (000 m ³ obs)	
North East						
All broadleaves	2	36	23	2	24	15
Oak	< 1	1	26	< 1	2	29
Beech	< 1	9	66	< 1	1	28
Sycamore	< 1	10	42	< 1	8	30
Ash	< 1	4	23	< 1	5	22
Birch	< 1	5	60	< 1	2	24
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	< 1	49	0	< 1	49
Hawthorn	0	< 1	29	0	< 1	28
Alder	< 1	< 1	29	< 1	< 1	26
Willow	0	< 1	61	0	< 1	59
Other broadleaves	< 1	4	21	< 1	4	24

Table 38 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2042–46		2047–51			
Principal species	FC	FC Private sector			Private sector		
	volu (000 m		SE%	volu (000 m	-	SE%	
North East		, end of the second					
All broadleaves	4	44	16	3	40	16	
Oak	< 1	4	40	< 1	3	45	
Beech	< 1	1	25	< 1	3	49	
Sycamore	< 1	16	28	< 1	10	30	
Ash	< 1	10	27	< 1	11	28	
Birch	< 1	5	30	< 1	5	32	
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-	
Hazel	0	< 1	38	0	2	61	
Hawthorn	0	< 1	26	0	< 1	26	
Alder	< 1	2	38	< 1	1	48	
Willow	0	< 1	59	0	< 1	59	
Other broadleaves	1	5	28	1	3	23	

Table 38 (cont'd)50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principalspecies; average annual volume within period

		2052–56		2057–61		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Fillcipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volı (000 m		SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	5	38	21	8	47	24
Oak	< 1	2	27	< 1	3	23
Beech	< 1	2	22	1	3	41
Sycamore	< 1	13	36	< 1	22	37
Ash	< 1	11	30	< 1	10	38
Birch	3	3	24	4	3	19
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	< 1	53	0	< 1	56
Hawthorn	0	1	29	0	< 1	26
Alder	< 1	< 1	47	< 1	1	61
Willow	0	< 1	59	0	< 1	59
Other broadleaves	< 1	5	32	2	3	32

Table 38 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2062–66			
Dringing chasies	FC	FC Private sec			
Principal species	volu (000 m		SE%		
North East					
All broadleaves	6	54	20		
Oak	< 1	4	29		
Beech	1	5	60		
Sycamore	< 1	22	28		
Ash	< 1	7	31		
Birch	3	4	17		
Sweet chestnut	0	0	-		
Hazel	0	< 1	76		
Hawthorn	0	2	44		
Alder	< 1	< 1	66		
Willow	0	< 1	59		
Other broadleaves	< 1	9	65		

50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class

Table 39 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
7–14	< 1	11	22	< 1	11	16
14–16	< 1	4	31	< 1	2	22
16–18	< 1	5	30	< 1	2	25
18–24	< 1	18	27	< 1	12	24
24–34	< 1	31	28	< 1	26	29
34–44	< 1	17	36	< 1	15	34
44–54	< 1	8	43	< 1	7	38
54+	< 1	6	58	< 1	5	42
Total	1	101	28	2	80	26

Table 39 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2022–26		2027–31		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m	ume 1 ³ obs)	SE%
North East						
7–14	< 1	10	16	< 1	12	12
14–16	< 1	1	18	< 1	2	24
16–18	< 1	1	20	< 1	2	31
18–24	< 1	4	22	< 1	7	43
24–34	< 1	8	30	1	15	45
34–44	< 1	6	39	< 1	7	43
44–54	< 1	3	43	< 1	3	59
54+	< 1	5	71	< 1	3	68
Total	1	39	27	3	51	31

Table 39 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2032–36		2037–41		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC Private sec		tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volı (000 m	ume 1 ³ obs)	SE%
North East						
7–14	< 1	15	16	< 1	16	18
14–16	< 1	2	26	< 1	2	15
16–18	< 1	2	35	< 1	2	14
18–24	< 1	6	39	< 1	3	17
24–34	< 1	4	41	< 1	2	25
34–44	< 1	2	71	< 1	< 1	38
44–54	< 1	1	75	< 1	< 1	49
54+	< 1	2	76	< 1	< 1	66
Total	2	36	23	2	24	15

Table 39 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2042–46		2047–51		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%		ume 1 ³ obs)	SE%
North East						
7–14	2	17	17	2	13	16
14–16	< 1	4	17	< 1	3	17
16–18	< 1	4	18	< 1	3	19
18–24	< 1	11	19	< 1	10	20
24–34	< 1	6	24	< 1	8	26
34–44	< 1	2	34	< 1	2	32
44–54	< 1	< 1	50	< 1	< 1	38
54+	< 1	< 1	52	< 1	< 1	73
Total	4	44	16	3	40	16

Table 39 (cont'd)50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by topdiameter class; average annual volume within period

		2052–56		2057–61		
Top diameter class	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volı (000 m	ume 1 ³ obs)	SE%
North East						
7–14	4	11	16	4	10	14
14–16	< 1	3	17	< 1	3	18
16–18	< 1	3	20	< 1	3	21
18–24	< 1	8	25	1	11	27
24–34	< 1	9	31	< 1	13	35
34–44	< 1	3	33	< 1	5	35
44–54	< 1	< 1	50	< 1	1	39
54+	< 1	< 1	70	< 1	< 1	53
Total	5	38	21	8	47	24

Table 39 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of hardwood timber availability by top diameter class; average annual volume within period

		2062–66			
Top diameter class	FC	FC Private sec			
(cm)	volu	ume	SE%		
	(000 m	n ³ obs)	3E %		
North East					
7–14	3	12	13		
14–16	< 1	3	18		
16–18	< 1	3	20		
18–24	1	12	21		
24–34	< 1	13	27		
34–44	< 1	6	36		
44–54	< 1	2	50		
54+	< 1	1	59		
Total	6	54	20		

50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves

Figure 46 50–year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves; average annual volume within period

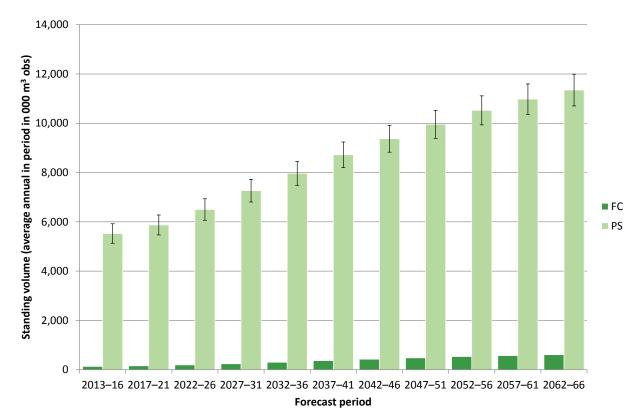


Table 40 50–year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves; average annual volume within period

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Forecast period	volume (000 m ³ obs)	os) (000 m ³ obs) SE		volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	131	5,525	7	5,656
2017–21	157	5,873	7	6,030
2022–26	193	6,500	7	6,694
2027–31	241	7,264	6	7,505
2032–36	301	7,968	6	8,269
2037–41	366	8,720	6	9,085
2042–46	425	9,374	6	9,799
2047–51	481	9,956	6	10,437
2052–56	532	10,524	6	11,056
2057–61	572	10,979	6	11,551
2062–66	606	11,347	6	11,952

Table 41 50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves by principalspecies; average annual volume within period

		2013–16		2017–21		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Philipai species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	131	5,525	7	157	5,873	7
Oak	10	1,177	23	9	1,217	23
Beech	21	610	27	23	669	26
Sycamore	6	827	18	7	756	16
Ash	< 1	756	18	< 1	830	18
Birch	21	841	20	22	946	19
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	166	27	< 1	186	26
Hawthorn	0	112	33	0	150	32
Alder	7	473	29	7	503	28
Willow	0	222	46	0	243	45
Other broadleaves	66	345	19	88	385	15

Table 41 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

		2022–26		2027–31		
Dringinal chasics	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	FC Private sec	
Principal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	193	6,500	7	241	7,264	6
Oak	8	1,306	22	7	1,362	22
Beech	23	717	26	26	785	25
Sycamore	7	735	17	7	805	17
Ash	< 1	973	17	1	1,152	17
Birch	24	1,080	19	27	1,207	18
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	215	25	< 1	242	24
Hawthorn	0	198	30	0	252	29
Alder	8	547	27	9	597	26
Willow	0	270	44	0	299	43
Other broadleaves	121	475	15	164	580	15

Table 41 (cont'd)50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves byprincipal species; average annual volume within period

		2032–36		2037–41		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sector	
r incipal species	volu	ime	SE%	volu	ime	SE%
	(000 m	³ obs)	JL 70	(000 m	³ obs)	JL 70
North East						
All broadleaves	301	7,968	6	366	8,720	6
Oak	9	1,395	22	15	1,492	21
Beech	29	829	25	33	895	24
Sycamore	7	876	16	8	965	15
Ash	2	1,327	17	2	1,479	17
Birch	31	1,328	18	39	1,425	17
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	268	24	< 1	290	24
Hawthorn	0	309	28	0	365	27
Alder	9	641	26	9	679	25
Willow	0	327	43	0	353	42
Other broadleaves	213	685	14	259	791	14

Table 41 (cont'd)50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves byprincipal species; average annual volume within period

	2042–46			2047–51		
	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	FC Private sector	
Principal species	vol. (000 m		SE%	volu (000 m		SE%
North East						
All broadleaves	425	9,374	6	481	9,956	6
Oak	22	1,579	21	30	1,673	20
Beech	39	969	24	48	1,038	23
Sycamore	8	1,032	15	7	1,097	14
Ash	3	1,597	17	3	1,676	17
Birch	47	1,510	17	57	1,574	17
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	308	24	< 1	318	24
Hawthorn	0	421	26	0	477	26
Alder	9	706	25	9	728	25
Willow	0	379	42	0	403	42
Other broadleaves	297	886	14	327	982	14

Table 41 (cont'd)50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves byprincipal species; average annual volume within period

	2052–56		2057–61			
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Frincipal species	volu	ıme	SE%	volu	ime	SE%
	(000 m	າ ³ obs)	JE 70	(000 m	³ obs)	3E 70
North East						
All broadleaves	532	10,524	6	572	10,979	6
Oak	39	1,769	20	49	1,862	19
Beech	58	1,115	22	70	1,184	22
Sycamore	7	1,170	14	7	1,183	14
Ash	3	1,740	17	3	1,789	17
Birch	64	1,635	17	62	1,694	17
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	329	24	< 1	339	24
Hawthorn	0	530	26	0	581	26
Alder	9	747	25	9	764	25
Willow	0	426	41	0	447	41
Other broadleaves	351	1,071	14	370	1,144	14

Table 41 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of standing volume in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2062–66				
Principal species	FC	Private sec	ctor		
Frincipal species	volu	ume	SE%		
	(000 m	n³ obs)	3L 70		
North East					
All broadleaves	606	11,347	6		
Oak	60	1,948	19		
Beech	84	1,247	21		
Sycamore	7	1,148	15		
Ash	3	1,825	17		
Birch	59	1,748	17		
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-		
Hazel	< 1	348	24		
Hawthorn	0	629	26		
Alder	9	776	25		
Willow	0	467	41		
Other broadleaves	383	1,217	14		

50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves

Figure 47 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves; average annual volume within period

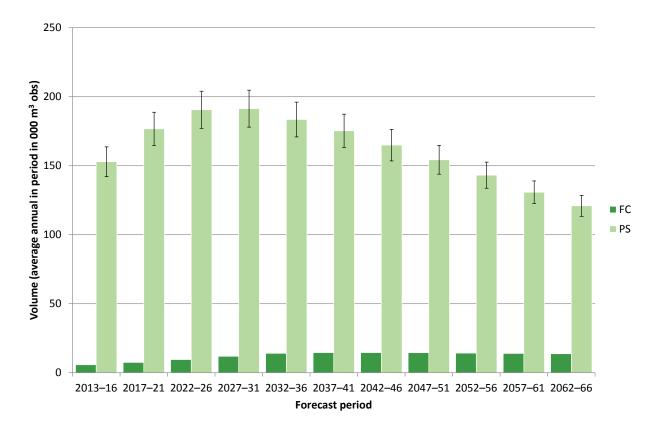


Table 42 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves; average annual volume within period

	FC	Private sector		Total
Forecast period	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
2013–16	6	153	7	159
2017–21	7	177	7	184
2022–26	10	191	7	200
2027–31	12	191	7	203
2032–36	14	183	7	198
3037–41	15	175	7	190
2042–46	15	165	7	179
2047–51	14	154	7	169
2052–56	14	143	7	157
2057–61	14	131	6	145
2062–66	14	121	6	135

Table 43 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principal species;average annual volume within period

	2013–16			2017–21			
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor	
Filicipal species	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)		SE%	
North East							
All broadleaves	6	153	7	7	177	7	
Oak	< 1	19	20	< 1	20	18	
Beech	< 1	14	21	< 1	15	19	
Sycamore	< 1	28	19	< 1	28	19	
Ash	< 1	27	17	< 1	34	20	
Birch	< 1	25	21	< 1	30	17	
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-	
Hazel	< 1	4	31	< 1	5	32	
Hawthorn	0	8	33	0	9	28	
Alder	< 1	7	26	< 1	9	23	
Willow	0	4	32	0	5	36	
Other broadleaves	4	18	15	6	22	15	

Table 43 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2022–26			2027–31		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC Private sect		tor
Principal species	volu (000 m		SE%	volı (000 m		SE%
North East					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
All broadleaves	10	191	7	12	191	7
Oak	< 1	21	16	< 1	22	16
Beech	< 1	16	18	< 1	16	18
Sycamore	< 1	25	20	< 1	23	18
Ash	< 1	41	22	< 1	42	22
Birch	< 1	31	16	< 1	29	16
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	< 1	6	33	< 1	6	33
Hawthorn	0	10	26	0	12	24
Alder	< 1	10	22	< 1	10	22
Willow	0	6	38	0	6	38
Other broadleaves	8	24	14	9	25	14

Table 43 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2032–36		2037–41			
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Frincipal species	volu	ıme	SE%	volu	ume	SE%
	(000 m	n ³ obs)	JL 70	(000 m	າ ³ obs)	JL 70
North East			·			
All broadleaves	14	183	7	15	175	7
Oak	< 1	21	16	1	21	16
Beech	1	16	18	2	16	17
Sycamore	< 1	25	18	< 1	27	20
Ash	< 1	38	21	< 1	34	20
Birch	1	26	15	2	23	15
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	5	32	0	4	32
Hawthorn	0	12	24	0	12	24
Alder	< 1	9	21	< 1	8	21
Willow	0	6	38	0	5	38
Other broadleaves	10	25	14	9	25	14

Table 43 (cont'd) 50–year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2042–46			2047–51			
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor	
Filicipal species	volu (000 m		SE%	volı (000 m		SE%	
North East			· · · · · · · · ·				
All broadleaves	15	165	7	14	154	7	
Oak	2	22	15	2	22	15	
Beech	2	16	17	3	17	17	
Sycamore	< 1	26	21	< 1	25	22	
Ash	< 1	30	19	< 1	26	18	
Birch	2	20	14	3	17	14	
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-	
Hazel	0	4	30	0	3	28	
Hawthorn	0	12	24	0	12	24	
Alder	< 1	6	21	< 1	5	21	
Willow	0	5	37	0	5	37	
Other broadleaves	8	23	14	7	22	14	

Table 43 (cont'd)50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principalspecies; average annual volume within period

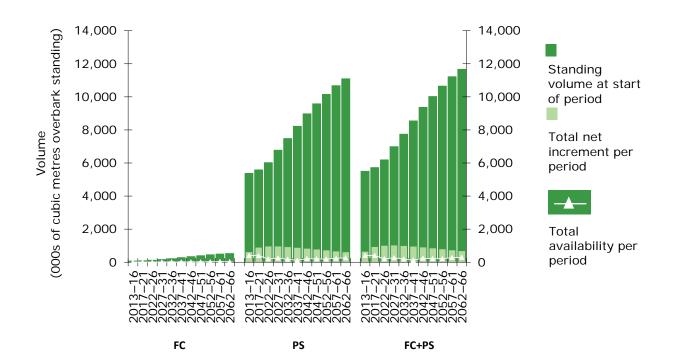
	2052–56			2057–61		
Principal species	FC	Private sec	tor	FC	Private sec	tor
Frincipal species	volu		SE%	volu		SE%
	(000 m	າ໋ obs)		(000 m	າ ³ obs)	
North East						
All broadleaves	14	143	7	14	131	6
Oak	3	21	15	3	21	14
Beech	3	17	17	4	17	16
Sycamore	< 1	24	22	< 1	20	21
Ash	< 1	22	18	< 1	18	18
Birch	3	16	13	3	15	13
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-	0	0	-
Hazel	0	2	27	0	2	27
Hawthorn	0	11	24	0	11	25
Alder	< 1	4	20	< 1	4	20
Willow	0	5	37	0	4	37
Other broadleaves	5	20	14	5	19	14

Table 43 (cont'd) 50-year forecast of net increment in broadleaves by principal species; average annual volume within period

	2062–66				
Dringinal chacies	FC	C Private sec			
Principal species	volu (000 m		SE%		
North East					
All broadleaves	14	121	6		
Oak	3	21	14		
Beech	4	17	17		
Sycamore	< 1	15	22		
Ash	< 1	16	19		
Birch	2	14	13		
Sweet Chestnut	0	0	-		
Hazel	0	2	28		
Hawthorn	0	11	25		
Alder	< 1	3	21		
Willow	0	4	37		
Other broadleaves	4	18	14		

Combined standing volume, net increment and availability

Figure 48 combined hardwood standing volume, net increment and availability



Part 4 – Tree health

Ash	
Oak	
Sweet chestnut	115
Larch	116

Ash

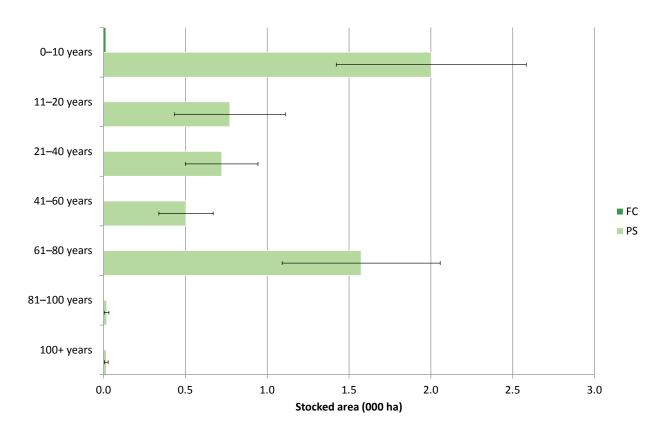


Figure 49 Stocked area of ash by age class

Table 44 Stocked area of ash by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–10	< 0.1	2.0	29	2.0
11–20	< 0.1	0.8	44	0.8
21–40	< 0.1	0.7	31	0.7
41–60	< 0.1	0.5	33	0.5
61–80	0.0	1.6	31	1.6
81–100	0.0	< 0.1	79	< 0.1
100+	< 0.1	< 0.1	69	< 0.1
Total	< 0.1	5.6	16	5.6

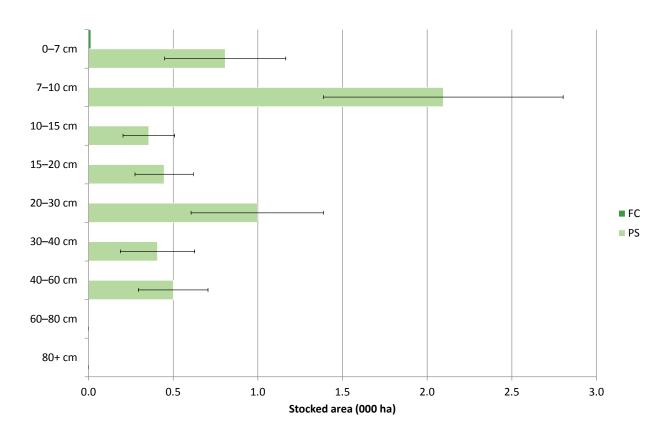


Figure 50 Stocked area of ash by mean stand dbh class

Table 45 Stocked area of ash by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DPU	FC	Private secto	Total	
Mean stand DBH (cm)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–7	< 0.1	0.8	44	0.8
7–10	< 0.1	2.1	34	2.1
10–15	0.0	0.4	43	0.4
15–20	< 0.1	0.4	39	0.4
20–30	< 0.1	1.0	39	1.0
30–40	< 0.1	0.4	54	0.4
40–60	0.0	0.5	41	0.5
60–80	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
80+	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
Total	< 0.1	5.6	16	5.6

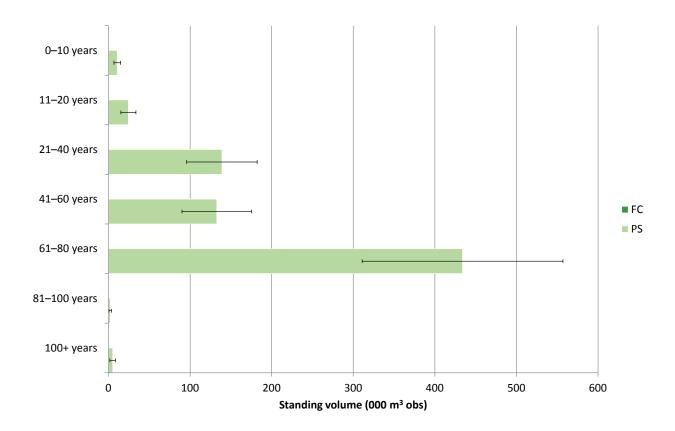


Figure 51 Standing volume of ash by age class

Table 46 Standing volume of ash by age class

	FC	Private secto	Total	
Age class (years)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–10	0	11	39	11
11–20	< 1	24	38	24
21–40	0	139	31	139
41–60	< 1	133	32	133
61–80	< 1	434	28	434
81–100	0	2	79	2
100+	0	5	68	5
Total	< 1	748	18	748

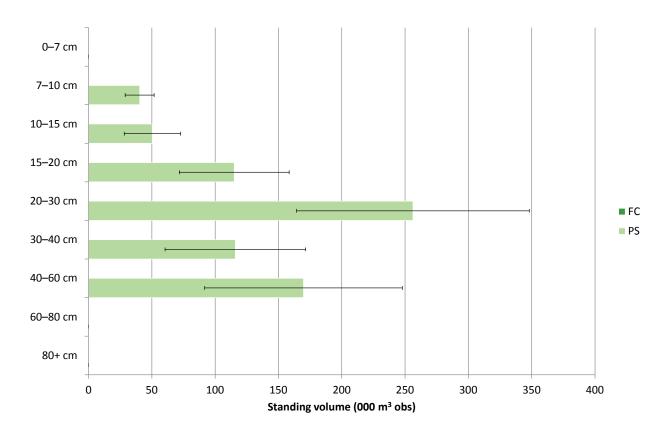


Figure 52 Standing volume of ash by mean stand dbh class

Table 47 Standing volume of ash by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DBH	FC	Private secto	or	Total
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–7	0	0	-	0
7–10	< 1	40	28	40
10–15	0	50	44	50
15–20	< 1	115	38	115
20–30	< 1	256	36	256
30–40	< 1	116	48	116
40–60	0	170	46	170
60–80	0	0	-	0
80+	0	0	-	0
Total	< 1	748	18	748

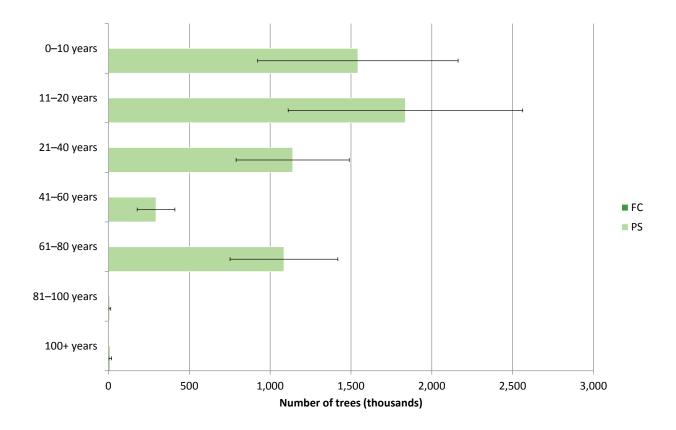


Figure 53 Number of ash trees by age class

Table 48 Number of ash trees by age class

	FC	Private secto	Total	
Age class (years)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–10	0	1,543	40	1,543
11–20	2	1,837	40	1,839
21–40	0	1,139	31	1,139
41–60	< 1	294	40	294
61–80	< 1	1,085	31	1,086
81–100	0	8	79	8
100+	0	11	78	11
Total	3	5,916	22	5,919

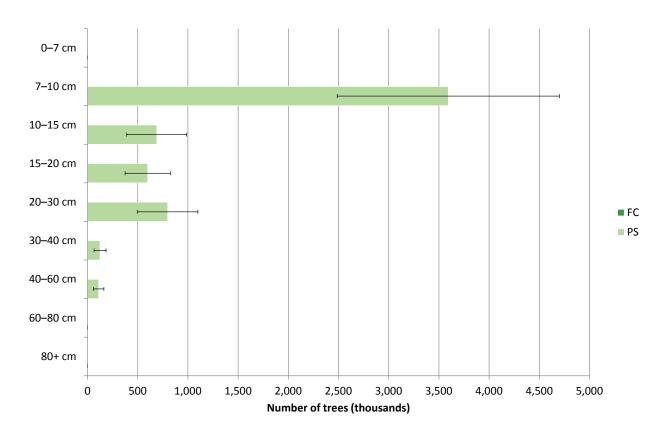


Figure 54 Number of ash trees by mean stand dbh class

Table 49 Number of ash trees by mean stand dbh class

Masin stand DDU	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Mean stand DBH (cm)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)		number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–7	0	0	-	0
7–10	2	3,593	31	3,596
10–15	0	690	43	690
15–20	< 1	599	38	600
20–30	< 1	797	38	798
30–40	< 1	125	48	125
40–60	0	112	46	112
60–80	0	0	-	0
80+	0	0	-	0
Total	3	5,916	22	5,919

Part 4 – Tree health

Figure 55 Ash as a proportion of woodland

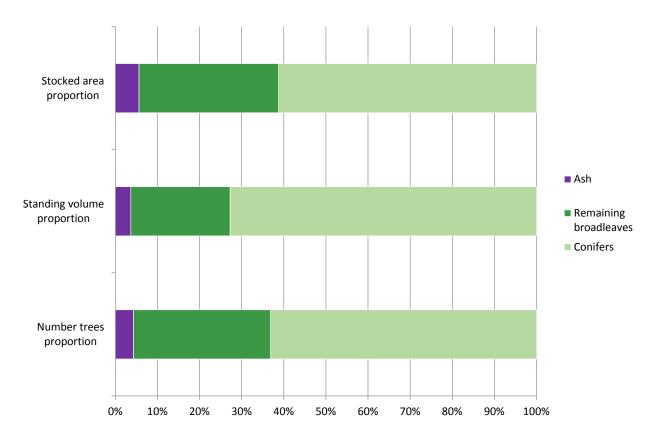


Table 50 Stocked area of ash as a proportion of woodland

Aligned area	Stocked area of ash				
	FC	Private sec	tor	Total	
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)	
North East	< 0.1	5.6	16	5.6	

Table 50 (cont'd) Stocked area of ash as a proportion of woodland

	Stocked area of all broadleaves and all species				
Aligned area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of ash in all broadleaves	Percentage of ash in all species	
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	(percent)	(percent)	
North East	38.9	100.3	14	6	

Table 51 Standing volume of ash as a proportion of woodland

	Standing volume of ash				
Aligned area	FC	Private sec	tor	Total	
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)	
North East	< 1	748	18	748	

Table 51 (cont'd) Standing volume of ash as a proportion of woodland

	Standing volume of all broadleaves and all species				
Aligned area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of ash in all broadleaves	Percentage of ash in all species	
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	(percent)	(percent)	
North East	5,557	20,395	13	4	

Table 52 Number of ash trees as a proportion of woodland

Aligned Area	Numbers of trees of ash			
	FC	Private sec	ctor	Total
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East	3	5,916	22	5,919

Table 52 (cont'd) Number of ash trees as a proportion of woodland

	Number of trees of all broadleaves and all species				
Aligned Area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of ash in all broadleaves	Percentage of ash in all species	
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	(percent)	(percent)	
North East	50,374	136,669	12	4	

Oak

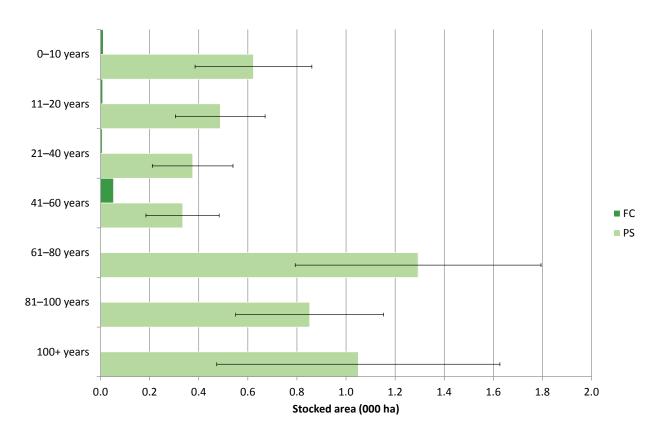


Figure 56 Stocked area of oak by age class

Table 53 Stocked area of oak by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–10	< 0.1	0.6	38	0.6
11–20	< 0.1	0.5	37	0.5
21–40	< 0.1	0.4	44	0.4
41–60	< 0.1	0.3	45	0.4
61–80	0.0	1.3	39	1.3
81–100	< 0.1	0.9	35	0.9
100+	0.0	1.0	55	1.0
Total	< 0.1	5.0	17	5.1

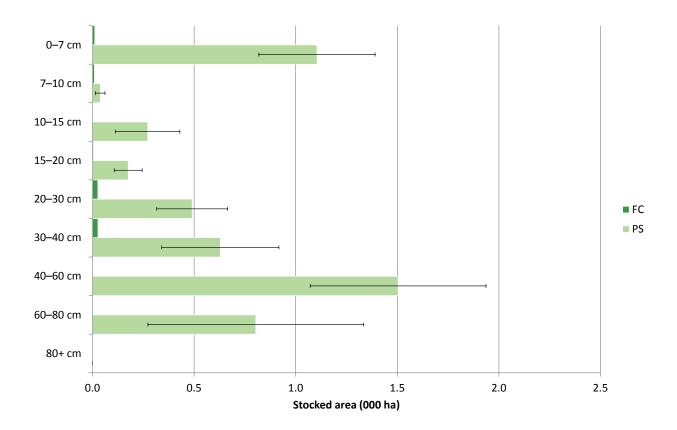


Figure 57 Stocked area of oak by mean stand dbh class

Table 54 Stocked area of oak by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DBH (cm)	FC	Private sector		Total
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–7	< 0.1	1.1	26	1.1
7–10	< 0.1	< 0.1	62	< 0.1
10–15	< 0.1	0.3	59	0.3
15–20	< 0.1	0.2	39	0.2
20–30	< 0.1	0.5	36	0.5
30–40	< 0.1	0.6	46	0.7
40–60	0.0	1.5	29	1.5
60–80	< 0.1	0.8	66	0.8
80+	0.0	0.0	-	0.0
Total	< 0.1	5.0	17	5.1

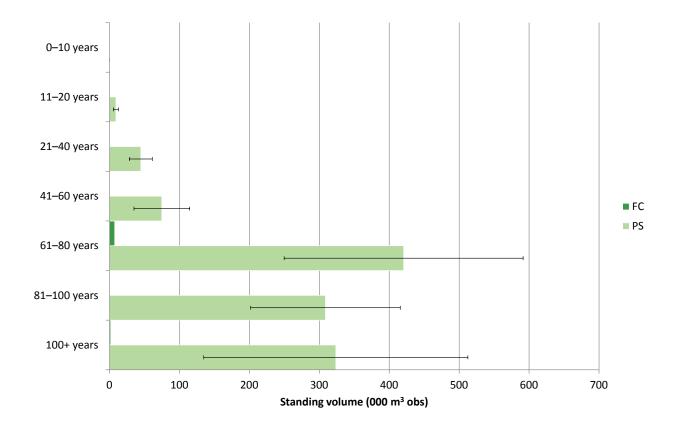


Figure 58 Standing volume of oak by age class

Table 55 Standing volume of oak by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–10	0	0	-	0
11–20	< 1	9	39	9
21–40	< 1	45	37	45
41–60	< 1	75	53	75
61–80	7	421	41	428
81–100	< 1	309	35	309
100+	2	324	58	325
Total	9	1,182	23	1,191

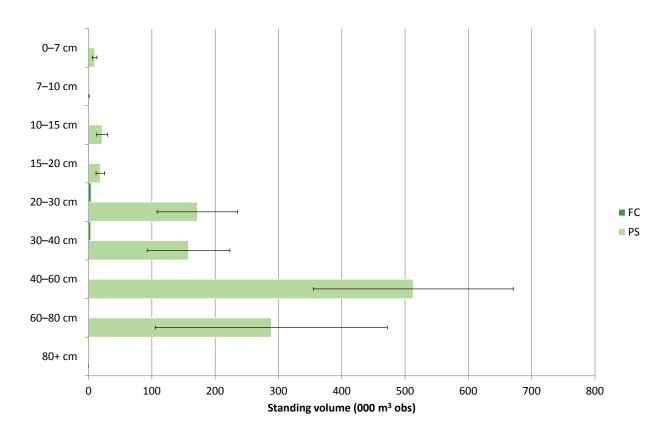


Figure 59 Standing volume of oak by mean stand dbh class

Table 56 Standing volume of oak by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DBH	FC	Private secto	or	Total
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–7	< 1	10	37	10
7–10	< 1	< 1	46	< 1
10–15	< 1	21	39	22
15–20	1	19	37	20
20–30	4	172	37	176
30–40	3	158	41	161
40–60	0	513	31	513
60–80	< 1	289	64	289
80+	0	0	-	0
Total	9	1,182	23	1,191

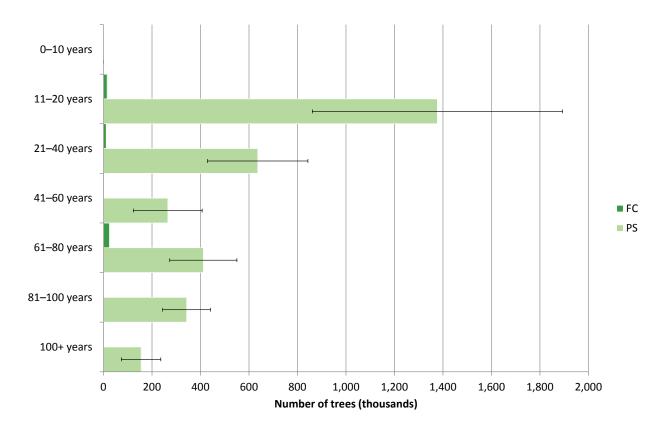


Figure 60 Number of oak trees by age class

Table 57 Number of oak trees by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–10	0	0	-	0
11–20	15	1,377	37	1,392
21–40	11	636	33	647
41–60	3	265	53	268
61–80	24	412	34	436
81–100	< 1	343	29	343
100+	3	155	52	158
Total	57	3,187	18	3,244

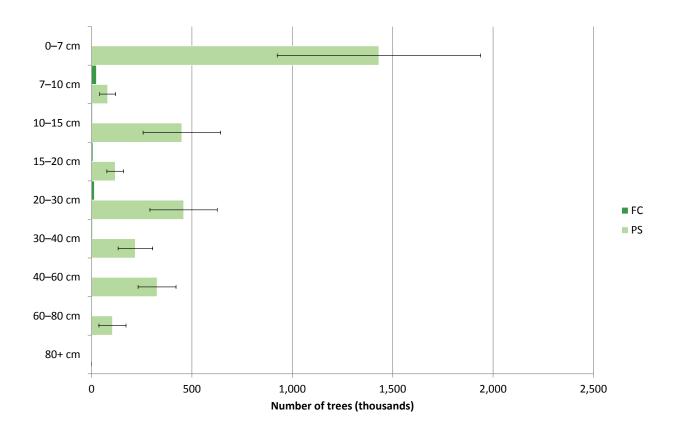


Figure 61 Number of oak trees by mean stand dbh class

Table 58 Number of oak trees by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DDU	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Mean stand DBH (cm)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–7	1	1,431	35	1,433
7–10	24	80	49	105
10–15	5	450	43	455
15–20	7	118	35	125
20–30	14	459	37	473
30–40	5	218	39	223
40–60	0	327	29	327
60–80	< 1	104	65	104
80+	0	0	-	0
Total	57	3,187	18	3,244

Part 4 – Tree health

Figure 62 Oak as a proportion of woodland

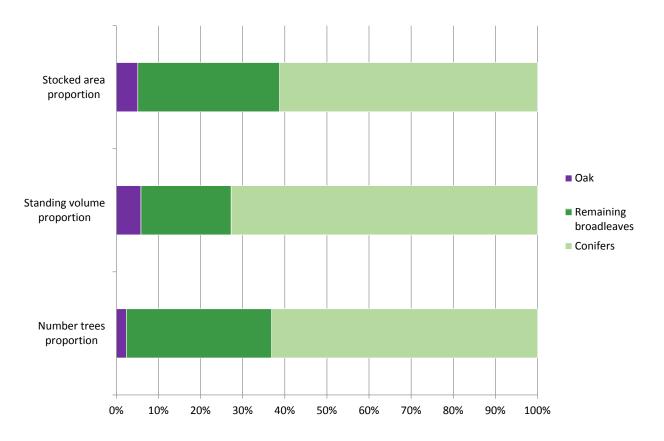


Table 59 Stocked area of oak as a proportion of woodland

	Stocked area of oak			
Aligned area	FC	Private sec	tor	Total
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East	< 0.1	5.0	17	5.1

Table 59 (cont'd) Stocked area of oak as a proportion of woodland

	Stocked area of all broadleaves and all species				
Aligned area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of oak in all broadleaves	Percentage of oak in all species	
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	(percent)	(percent)	
North East	38.9	100.3	13	5	

Table 60 Standing volume of oak as a proportion of woodland

	Standing volume of oak			
Aligned area	FC	Private sec	tor	Total
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East	9	1,182	23	1,191

Table 60 (cont'd) Standing volume of oak as a proportion of woodland

	Standing volume of all broadleaves and all species					
Aligned area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of oak in all broadleaves	Percentage of oak in all species		
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	(percent)	(percent)		
North East	5,557	20,395	21	6		

Table 61 Number of oak trees as a proportion of woodland

	Numbers of trees of oak			
Aligned Area	FC	Private sector		Total
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East	57	3,187	18	3,244

Table 61 (cont'd) Number of oak trees as a proportion of woodland

	Number of trees of all broadleaves and all species				
Aligned Area	Total of all broadleaves	Total of all species	Percentage of oak in all broadleaves	Percentage of oak in all species	
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	(percent)	(percent)	
North East	50,374	136,669	6	2	

Sweet chestnut

Sweet chestnut is not recorded in the woodland under Forestry Commission ownership or management. Sweet chestnut was not found in any of the National Forest Inventory field sample assessments.

As a consequence, Figures 63-69 and Tables 62-70 have been omitted from this report.

Larch

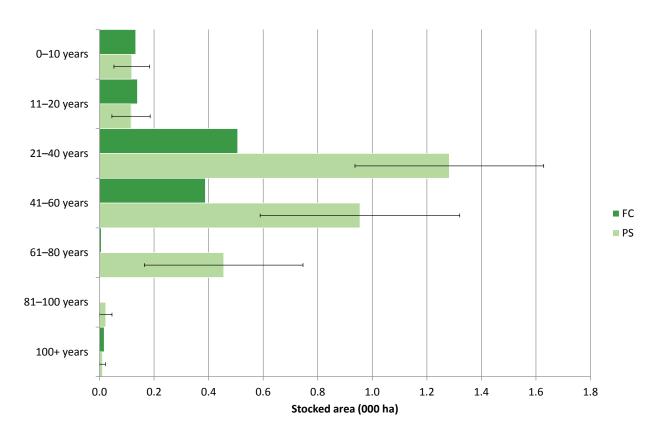


Figure 70 Stocked area of larch by age class

Table 71 Stocked area of larch by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–10	0.1	0.1	55	0.3
11–20	0.1	0.1	61	0.3
21–40	0.5	1.3	27	1.8
41–60	0.4	1.0	38	1.3
61–80	< 0.1	0.5	64	0.5
81–100	0.0	< 0.1	99	< 0.1
100+	< 0.1	< 0.1	99	< 0.1
Total	1.2	3.0	19	4.1

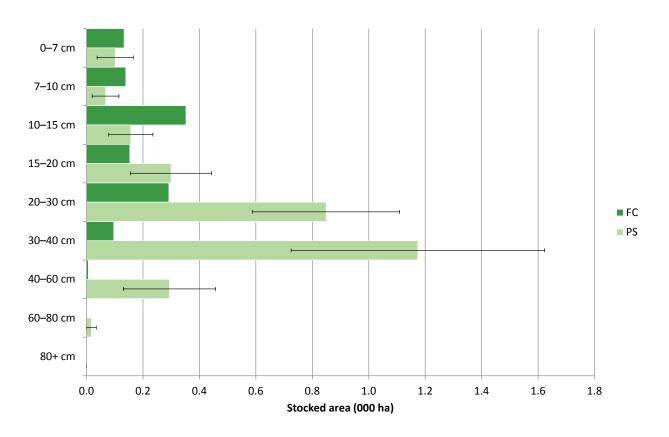


Figure 71 Stocked area of larch by mean stand dbh class

 Table 72
 Stocked area of larch by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DPU	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Mean stand DBH (cm)	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East				
0–7	0.1	0.1	63	0.2
7–10	0.1	< 0.1	70	0.2
10–15	0.4	0.2	50	0.5
15–20	0.2	0.3	48	0.5
20–30	0.3	0.8	31	1.1
30–40	< 0.1	1.2	38	1.3
40–60	< 0.1	0.3	56	0.3
60–80	0.0	< 0.1	99	< 0.1
80+	< 0.1	0.0	-	< 0.1
Total	1.2	3.0	19	4.1

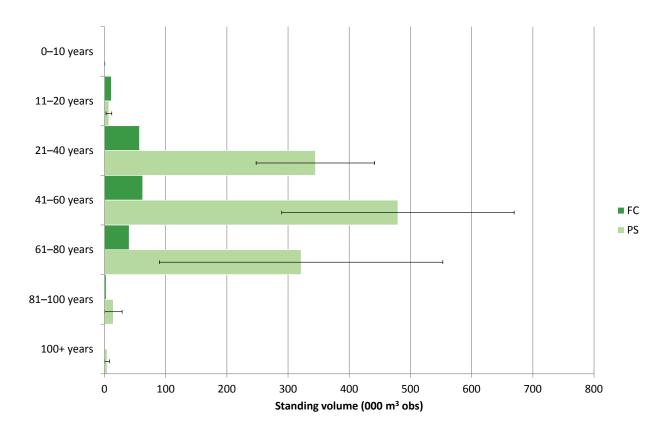


Figure 72 Standing volume of larch by age class

Table 73 Standing volume of larch by age class

	FC	Private secto	or	Total
Age class (years)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–10	< 1	< 1	61	< 1
11–20	11	7	65	18
21–40	57	345	28	402
41–60	62	480	40	542
61–80	40	321	72	362
81–100	3	14	99	17
100+	< 1	4	99	4
Total	174	1,172	27	1,345

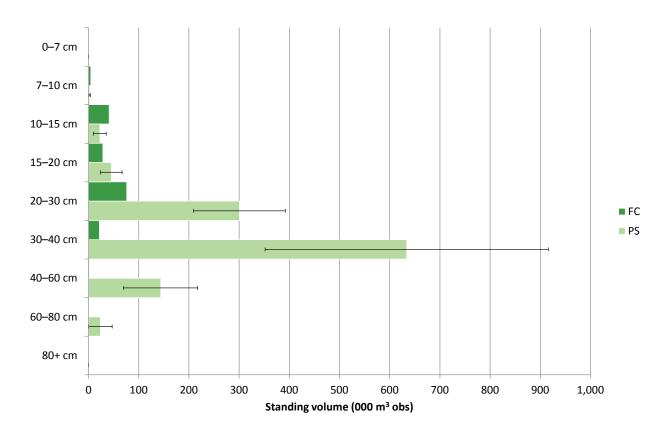


Figure 73 Standing volume of larch by mean stand dbh class

Table 74 Standing volume of larch by mean stand dbh class

Mean stand DBH	FC	Private secto	or	Total
(cm)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East				
0–7	< 1	0	-	< 1
7–10	5	2	70	7
10–15	41	23	56	64
15–20	29	45	47	74
20–30	76	301	30	377
30–40	22	634	45	656
40–60	2	144	51	145
60–80	0	24	99	24
80+	< 1	0	-	< 1
Total	174	1,172	27	1,345

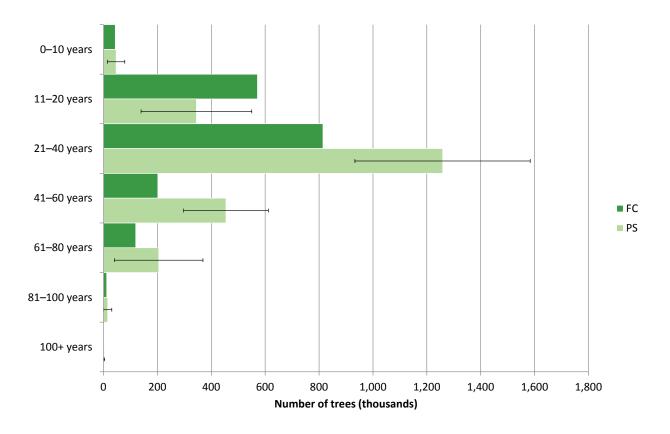


Figure 74 Number of larch trees by age class

Table 75 Number of larch trees by age class

	FC	Private sector		Total
Age class (years)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–10	44	47	69	90
11–20	572	345	60	916
21–40	815	1,258	26	2,073
41–60	202	455	35	656
61–80	120	205	80	325
81–100	11	15	99	27
100+	< 1	2	99	2
Total	1,762	2,327	19	4,089

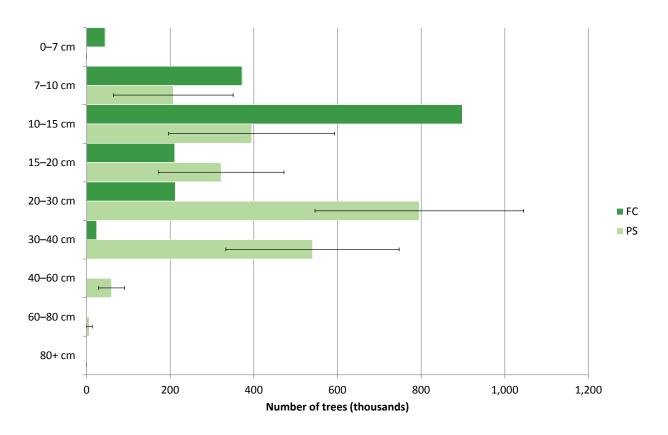


Figure 75 Number of larch trees by mean stand dbh class

Table 76 Number of larch trees by mean stand dbh class

Mass stand DDU	FC	Private sector		Total
Mean stand DBH (cm)	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East				
0–7	44	0	-	44
7–10	372	208	69	579
10–15	898	395	50	1,293
15–20	211	322	47	533
20–30	212	796	31	1,008
30–40	24	540	38	565
40–60	1	60	52	61
60–80	0	7	99	7
80+	< 1	0	-	< 1
Total	1,762	2,327	19	4,089

Part 4 – Tree health

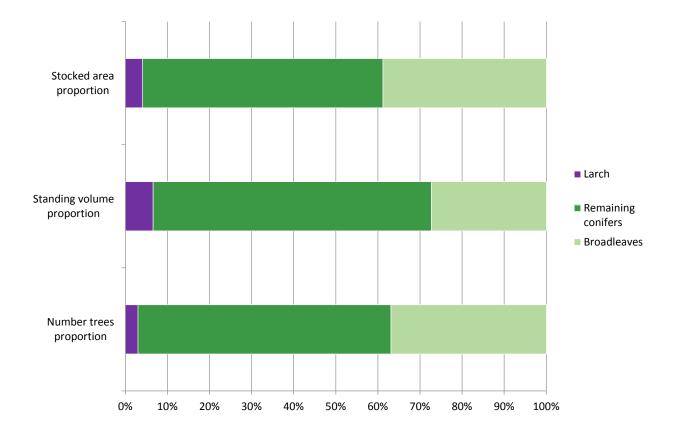


Figure 76 Larch as a proportion of woodland

Table 77 Stocked area of larch as a proportion of woodland

	Stocked area of larch			
Aligned area	FC	Private sec	ctor	Total
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	SE%	area (000 ha)
North East	1.2	3.0	19	4.1

Table 77 (cont'd) Stocked area of larch as a proportion of woodland

	Stocked area of all conifers and all species			
Aligned area	Total of all conifers	Total of all species	Percentage of larch in all conifers	Percentage of larch in all species
	area (000 ha)	area (000 ha)	(percent)	(percent)
North East	61.3	100.3	7	4

Table 78 Standing volume of larch as a proportion of woodland

	Standing volume of larch			
Aligned area	FC	Private sec	tor	Total
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	SE%	volume (000 m ³ obs)
North East	174	1,172	27	1,345

Table 78 (cont'd) Standing volume of larch as a proportion of woodland

	Standing	g volume of all	conifers and all	species
Aligned area	Total of all conifers	Total of all species	Percentage of larch in all conifers	Percentage of larch in all species
	volume (000 m ³ obs)	volume (000 m ³ obs)	(percent)	(percent)
North East	14,822	20,395	9	7

Table 79 Number of larch trees as a proportion of woodland

	Numbers of trees of larch			
Aligned Area	FC	Private sec	tor	Total
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	SE%	number of trees (thousands)
North East	1,762	2,327	19	4,089

Table 79 (cont'd) Number of larch trees as a proportion of woodland

	Number of trees of all conifers and all species			
Aligned Area	Total of all conifers	Total of all species	Percentage of larch in all conifers	Percentage of larch in all species
	number of trees (thousands)	number of trees (thousands)	(percent)	(percent)
North East	86,177	136,669	5	3

Appendix A – Aligned area nomenclature

Table 62 Aligned area long and short names

Long name	Short name	Abbreviation
Cumbria and Lancashire	Cumbria and Lancashire	CLA
Devon Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	Devon and Cornwall	DCS
East Anglia	East Anglia	EAN
East Midlands	East Midlands	EMD
Greater Manchester Merseyside and Cheshire	Gtr Mancs Mersey and Ches	GMC
Hertfordshire and North London	Herts and North London	HNL
Kent South London and East Sussex	Kent S London and E Sussex	KSL
Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire	Lincs and Northants	LNA
North East	North East	NEA
Solent and South Downs	Solent and South Downs	SSD
Thames	Thames	THS
Wessex	Wessex	WSX
West Midlands	West Midlands	WMD
Yorkshire	Yorkshire	YOR

Glossary

Actual production	Timber reported as having been felled and removed from the forest. The Forestry Commission keeps records of actual production for its estate, while estimates for the Private sector come from surveys of harvesting companies and timber processors. These figures are available from Forestry Commission Statistics.
Aerial photograph	Photograph of the ground taken from an elevated/direct–down position, with a camera that is not supported by a ground-based structure.
Age class	A grouping of trees into specific age ranges for classification purposes.
Area (forest/woodland)	Forest and woodland area can be defined in net or gross terms. Net area is the land actually covered by trees (in the National Forest Inventory that is to the drip line of the canopy). Gross area includes both the area covered by trees and the open spaces (<0.5 hectare) within (e.g. rides, glades, ponds).
Availability	A term to describe what timber could potentially be available for harvesting within a forest area.
Biological potential	A term applied to forecast scenarios with the objective of maximising timber production. It typically involves felling stands in the year of maximum MAI and management table thinning. It may not take account of factors that constrain thinning and felling (e.g. wind risk or pest attack). The forecast results set out in this report involve constraints on thinning and times of felling to take account of wind risk.
Broadleaves	Trees and shrubs that belong to the angiosperm division of the plant kingdom (as distinct from the gymnosperm division that includes conifers). Most in the UK have laminar leaves and are deciduous. Sometimes referred to as 'hardwoods'.
Canopy cover	Area covered by a mass of foliage and branches formed collectively by the crowns of trees.
Clearfell area	Area here all the trees have been felled at once. In non-clearfell areas, only some of the trees are felled at any one time.
Clearfelling	Cutting down of an area of woodland (if it is within a larger area of woodland it is typically a felling greater than 0.25 hectare). Sometimes a scatter or small clumps of trees may be left standing within the felled area.
Conifers	Trees and shrubs that belong to the gymnosperm division of the plant kingdom (as distinct from the angiosperm division that includes broadleaves). Conifers mostly have needles or scale-like leaves and are usually evergreen. Sometimes referred to as 'softwoods'.
Cumulative volume production	The total volume of timber that is forecast to be produced over the entire forecast period, including any overdue timber.
DAMS (Detailed Aspect Methodology Score)	A measure of exposure at a particular location. Can be used as a proxy indicator of the risk of catastrophic wind damage to a stand of trees. May be used to influence decisions on thinning and timing of clearfelling where wind is a risk factor.
DBH (diameter at breast height)	The diameter on the stem of a tree at 'breast height', defined as 1.3 m from ground level.
Dothistroma needle blight	A disease of conifers (especially pine) which causes defoliation, losses in yield and, in severe cases, tree death. Also known as red band needle blight.

NFI summary report

Felling plan	A spatial and temporal plan of harvesting activities within a forest or
	woodland.
Forest (or woodland)	Land predominately covered in trees (defined as land under stands of trees with a canopy cover of at least 20%, or the ability to achieve this, and with a minimum area of 0.5 hectare and minimum width of 20 m),
	whether in large tracts (generally called forests) or smaller areas known
	by a variety of terms (including woods, copses, spinneys or shelterbelts).
Forest management	A holistic spatial and temporal plan stating the objectives of management
plan	together with details of forestry proposals over a period of five years and outlining intentions over a minimum total of 10 years. Such plans allow managers to communicate proposals and demonstrate sustainable forest management. They can be used to authorise thinning, felling and other management operations.
Forest Service	An agency within the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) in Northern Ireland responsible for the regulation of forestry and the management of state forests in Northern Ireland.
Forestry Commission	The government department responsible for regulating forestry,
5	implementing forestry policy and managing state forests in England and
	Scotland. Forestry policy is devolved, with the exception of common
	issues addressed on a GB or UK basis, such as international forestry,
	plant health and forestry standards.
Forestry Commission	Forests, woodlands, open land and other property managed by the
(FC) estate	Forestry Commission.
Great Britain (GB)	England, Scotland and Wales.
Hardwood	The wood of broadleaved trees or the broadleaves themselves.
High forest	Woodland which is not managed as coppice or pollards and which may or may not be managed for timber.
Increment	The increase in volume of a tree or a stand over a year or annualised over a specified period measured either in m ³ per year or in m ³ per hectare per year. See also Mean Annual Increment (MAI).
Interpreted forest type (IFT)	Interpreted forest type is a classification of woodland into woodland types as identified from aerial photography and satellite imagery.
Interpreted open area (IOA)	Interpreted open are is a classification of open spaces within woodlands as identified from aerial photography and satellite imagery.
Like-for-like (restocking)	The restocking of areas of felled trees with trees of the same species and yield class.
Maximising	The management of woodland to maximise volume production by
productivity	thinning at the MTI.
Mean annual	The average annual rate of volume production from year of planting to a
increment (MAI)	given year, expressed in m ³ obs per hectare per year. In even-aged stands it is calculated by dividing cumulative volume production by age.
MTT (management table thinning)	A sequence of thinnings prescribed by Forestry Commission yield tables over the life of a forest stand. Management table thinning refers to the pattern of thinning recommended in these yield tables. In standard yield tables the thinnings are set to an intensity which aims to maximise diameter increment whilst also maintaining maximum cumulative volume production
MTI (marginal	The maximum sustainable intensity of thinning defined as 70% of yield
thinning intensity)	class per hectare per year (m ³ obs/ha/year).

Maximum MAI	The age at which a stand reaches the maximum average rate of volume
(maximum mean	increment which it can achieve. Felling the stand at this age will ensure
annual increment)	that the stand reaches its highest average production per annum for its
(MMAI)	lifespan, thus optimising the stand in terms of volume production over
	the long term.
Mean annual	The average rate of volume production up to a given year, expressed in
increment (MAI)	m ³ per hectare per year. In even-aged stands it is calculated by dividing
	cumulative volume production by age.
Mensuration	The study of the measurement of lengths, areas, volumes and related
	quantities. Forest mensuration is concerned with the measurement of
	trees, woodlands and forests, including standing and felled timber.
National Forest	An inventory run by the Forestry Commission, set up in 2009, to provide
Inventory (NFI)	a record of key information about GB forests and woodlands.
National Inventory of	An inventory run by the Forestry Commission, set up in 1995 and
Woodland and Trees	completed in 2002, to provide a record of key information about GB
(NIWT)	forests and woodlands.
Natural Resources	Natural Resources Wales is the largest Welsh Government Sponsored
Wales (NRW)	Body - employing 1,900 staff across Wales with a budget of £180 million.
	NRW was formed in April 2013, largely taking over the functions of the
	Countryside Council for Wales, Forestry Commission Wales and the
	Environment Agency in Wales, as well as certain Welsh Government
	functions.
Overbark	Used as a qualification when the diameter or volume of wood includes the
	bark.
Overbark standing	Timber is defined in this report as the volume of stemwood to 7 cm top
(OBS)	diameter in m ³ overbark standing (obs), including stump (above ground)
(000)	and usable branchwood (of minimum 3 m in length and 7 cm top
	diameter).
Overdue	Timber contained in stands that are beyond the felling age prescribed by
	the harvesting scenario at the start of the forecast.
Phytophthora	Fungus-like pathogens that can cause extensive damage and mortality to
	trees and other plants.
Planned production	The volumes and assortments published in the removals forecast,
	reflecting the cumulative impact of managing the FC estate (as of 31
	March 2012) in accordance with approved forest design and thinning
	plans.
Potential production	A forecast which will not necessarily transpire. As the private sector
r oterniar production	estate forecast makes assumptions about future levels of harvest, and
	the assumptions may not transpire, this forecast is one of potential
	production.
Private sector estate	Forests and woodlands in the UK not managed by the Forestry
	Commission, Natural Resources Wales or Forest Service. In the context of
	the National Forest Inventory, 'Private sector' is used for convenience
	although it includes land owned or managed by bodies such as local
Dreduction forecast	authorities and charities.
Production forecast	A forecast of softwood volume production based on a firm plan of
Dootooking rise	harvesting.
Restocking plan	A spatial and temporal plan describing how felled areas are to be
Catallita internet	replanted or regenerated.
Satellite imagery	Imagery of the earth taken from space from a satellite.
Softwood	The wood of coniferous trees or the conifers themselves.

NFI summary report

Stand	A distinct area of woodland, generally composed of a uniform group of trees in terms of species composition and spatial distribution, and age and size class distribution.
Standard error (SE)	The measure of the margin of error associated with an estimate as a result of sampling from a population with statistical variability. Larger standard errors indicate less precision in the estimate. Standard errors in this report are quoted in relative terms (i.e. as percentages of the value of the estimate).
Standing volume	The live stemwood and usable branchwood of trees (up to 7 cm top diameter). It excludes roots, below ground stump material, small branches, foliage and deadwood. For Private sector woodland only, it also excludes trees in woodlands of less than 0.5 hectare. Usually expressed as m ³ overbark standing (m ³ obs).
Stemwood	The woody material forming the above ground main growing shoot(s) of a tree or stand of trees. The stem includes all woody volume above ground with a diameter greater than 7 cm overbark. Stemwood includes wood in major branches where there is at least 3 m of straight length to 7 cm top diameter.
Stocked area	The area stocked with living trees. The stocked areas in this report are quoted in gross terms for the FC/NRW estate and in net terms for the private sector estate (see the definition of area abve).
Sub-compartment database (SCDB)	A database owned and maintained by the Forestry Commission that holds an inventory of all stands of trees managed by the Forestry Commission (including that formerly managed by Forestry Commission Wales which is now managed by Natural Resources Wales).
Sustainable forest management	The stewardship and use of forests and forest lands in a way, and at a rate, that maintains their biodiversity, productivity, regeneration capacity and vitality and their potential to fulfil, now and in the future, relevant ecological, economic and social functions at local, national and global levels, and that does not cause damage to other ecosystems.
Terminal height	The top height of a stand at which wind damage is expected to reach a level necessitating clearfelling.
Thinning	The periodic harvesting of trees in a woodland, involving the removal of some trees for commercial use and the retention of others for future production or long-term retention.
Thinning plan	A spatial and temporal plan of harvesting activities within a forest or woodland.
Top diameter	The diameter of the smaller (top) end of a length of stemwood, branchwood or log, often used to define different categories of wood products (e.g. sawlogs, roundwood, pulp) and merchantable timber.
Top height	The mean total height of the 100 largest dbh trees per hectare.
UK (United Kingdom)	Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
Windthrow	Uprooting of trees by the wind. Windthrow can be endemic – i.e. that caused by frequently recurring peak winds – or catastrophic – an infrequent occurrence associated with exceptionally strong winds where large areas/numbers of trees are blown down.
Woodland	see Forest.
Yield class (YC)	An index used in the UK of the potential productivity of even-aged stands of trees based on maximum MAI. It reflects the potential productivity of the site for the tree species growing on it.

Aligned area reports in this series

This report is one in a series of reports describing the current stocks in woodland, the economic viability data, timber availability forecasts and estimates of the current stocks within woodland of four species currently at risk from pests and diseases.

Reports are available for:

- England
- Cumbria and Lancashire
- Devon Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly
- East Anglia
- East Midlands
- Greater Manchester Merseyside and Cheshire
- Hertfordshire and North London
- Kent South London and East Sussex
- Lincolnshire and Northamptonshire
- North East
- Solent and South Downs
- Thames
- Wessex
- West Midlands
- Yorkshire

The methodology, data sources and assumptions are described in the England report. It is important that the estimates presented in this report are interpreted in the light of the information provided in the England report.

NFI national reports and papers

This series of reports is part of the wider suite of publications from the National Forest Inventory (NFI). NFI reports that contain information relating to this series of reports are:

- NFI woodland area statistics, Great Britain, England, Scotland, Wales (2011)
- Standing timber volume for coniferous trees in Britain (2012)
- 25-year forecast of softwood availability (2012)
- 25-year forecast of standing coniferous volume and increment (2012)
- Preliminary estimates of broadleaved species in British woodlands, with special focus on ash (2012)
- Biomass in live woodland trees in Britain (2014)
- Carbon in live woodland trees in Britain (2014)
- 50-year forecast of softwood availability (2014)
- 50-year forecast of hardwood availability (2014)
- 25-year forecast of softwood availability (2016)

Each theme has a series of associated reports, papers and data, tailored for different audiences and uses.

This report is a supporting document for the Official Statistics report *National Forest Inventory statistics for England and aligned areas* (2017) and provides more detailed results for North East.

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